

In this cover art of the 1,000-page book, Living with Siva, Artist S. Rajam depicts life in a South Indian riverside village. Under Lord Siva's blessed gaze, children play near a tulsi tree shrine, a cowherd brings his animals from the forest, women draw water at the well, and families carry on their household duties.

**BOOK EXCERPT** 

# Hinduism's Nandinātha Sūtras

नन्दिनाथसूत्राणि

365 Aphorisms for a Truly Spiritual Life, From *Living with Śiva*, By Satguru Sivaya Subramuniyaswami



N THE FOLLOWING 31 PAGES YOU WILL FIND 365 aphorisms, each four lines long. These *Nandinātha Sūtras* cover the entire gamut of Hindu philosophy, ethics, customs, worship

and ways of living. They were written by Satguru Sivaya Subramuniyaswami, one of the world's foremost Hindu leaders, to guide his close devotees in both their inner,

spiritual life and their outer, worldly endeavors. Yet they are by no means a narrow sectarian expression of belief and practice. For the most part, they are just traditional Hinduism, drawn from the *Vedas, Agamas, Upanishads*, the various *dharma shastras* and our traditions of many millennia. Their universality extends even beyond Hinduism, as adherents of any of the world's religions will find many of their own principles enshrined herein. And even the most ardent

nonreligious secular humanist may be surprised to find many appealing Hindu ethical precepts. ¶These sūtras are divided into seven sections: Right Living (mostly on religious beliefs and observances); Ethics; The Family Path; Personal Life (including diet, health and attitudes toward death); Spiritual Interaction (covering the relationship with the guru, interfaith harmony and social injunctions); Religious Culture (on temples, scripture, culture and more); and The Monastic Path. Sidebars on each page include commentary by Gurudeva and in-

sights from various Hindu religious leaders who reviewed *Living with Siva*. ¶Leaders of many religions have written similar concise statements to standardize belief and practice, for example, the precepts of Buddha, the sayings of Confucius and the 19th century *Shikshapatri* of Lord Swaminarayan. Such aphorisms serve to summarize what might otherwise be many pages of abstruse



"These aphorisms describe how people lived and interrelated with one another when life was simpler, when families and villages were close-knit, and love and peace, respect and wisdom prevailed."

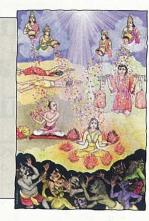
scripture, or to put in writing and thereby preserve what is presently common

knowledge and practice. In writing the *Nandinātha Sūtras*, Gurudeva sought to empower Hinduism in the context of the 21st century. He addresses the common issues of our day, including the environment, the rights of women and children and the ethical boundaries of science. He deals with these issues in a manner which affirms the Hindu Dharma, resulting in a series of signposts and beacons for life in the next millennia. One way to bring these principles into your own life is to read one aphorism each day throughout the year.

SECTION ONE

# Right Living

Spiritual evolution is achieved by yoga and striving. In this illustration, devotees perform tapas, holding pots of fire, meditating for long hours, rolling around the temple in hot sand and carrying kavadi. Devas bless their efforts from the inner planes, while the baser worlds remain below and apart



- \* The Purpose of Life
- \* Facing Life's Challenges
- \* Yoga in Action

SUTRA 1: LIFE'S HIGHEST PURPOSE

and foremost goal of life. They learn to dance with Siva, live with Siva, merge with Siva. Deep within, they discover their eternal, immortal oneness with God. Aum.

SUTRA 2: FOUR NOBLE GOALS

wholeheartedly serve God, Gods and guru and fulfill the four traditional Hindu goals: duty (dharma), wealth

SŪTRA 3: SEEING ŚIVA'S ENERGY IN ALL

Śiva's devotees bask contentedly in Śiva consciousness, Those who live with Śiva fulfill life's purposes by placseeing the pure life energy in every person, animal, bird, reptile, fish, insect, plant, tree and even micro-

SUTRA 4: ONENESS WITH THE SATGURU

Śiva's devotees strive to be inwardly one with their satguru, acknowledging the paramount need for a spiritual preceptor to guide them on the upward climb, the straight path that leads to Lord Siva's holy feet. Aum.

SUTRA 5: SEEKING WHILE STRONG

body does not last forever. Age prowls like a leopard. Before the limbs lose their vitality, one should take to the auspicious path to the Self." Aum Namaḥ Śivāya. SUTRA 6: LIVING CONTEMPLATIVELY

Siva's devotees cultivate a contemplative nature by meditating daily, seeking the light, drawing the lesson from each experience and identifying with infinite intelligence, not with body, emotion or intellect. Aum.

SUTRA 7: ACCEPTING OUR KARMA

Śiva's devotees accept all experiences, however difficult, as their self-created karma, without cringing or complaining. Theirs is the power of surrender, accepting what is as it is and dealing with it courageously. Aum.

SUTRA 8: FLOWING WITH THE RIVER OF LIFE

Siva's devotees live vibrantly in the eternity of the moment and flow with the river of life by giving up negative attachments, releasing the pains, injustices, fears and regrets that bind consciousness in the past. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 9: Purpose, plan, persistence and push Śiva's followers strive for God Realization as the first Siva's devotees approach each enterprise with deliberate thoughtfulness, and act only after careful consideration. They succeed in every undertaking by having a clear purpose, a wise plan, persistence and push. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 10: moving the forces of the world

Śiva's followers are ever mindful that life's purpose is to Śiva's devotees, by remaining steadfast on the path, upholding the yamas and niyamas and relying on their indomitable will, move the forces of the world, and are (artha), love (kāma) and liberation (moksha). Aum. not moved or affected by them. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SUTRA 11: THE LION-HEARTED ONES

ing heavy demands on themselves from within themselves, never shirking their duty to religion, family, comscopic intelligence as Supreme God Śiva Himself. Aum. munity or planet. Jai, they are the lion-hearted. Aum.

SUTRA 12: EXCELLENCE AND NONCOMPETITIVENESS

whatever they do, to excel and make a difference. Even so, they remain apart from the demeaning and contentious "winners and losers" spirit of competition. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 13: Teaching the five precepts and practices

Śiva's devotees heed the ancient wisdom: "The physical Those who live with Śiva teach children the five precepts: God as All in all, temples, karma, reincarnation/ liberation, scripture/preceptor; and five practices: virtue, worship, holy days, sacraments and pilgrimage. Aum. SUTRA 14: GUIDING AND NURTURING CHILDREN

Those who live with Siva personally guide their children's spiritual and secular education. They teach and model respect, share what happens each day, have fun together and shower love and hugs upon them. Aum.

SUTRA 15: ZERO TOLERANCE FOR DISCORD

Those who live with Siva have zero tolerance for disharmonious conditions. In the home and beyond, they settle differences when others can only disagree. Jai, they are all instruments of peace. Aum Namah Śivāya.

- ❖ The True Values of Life
- ❖ Spiritual Disciplines
- ❖ Personal Disciplines

SUTRA 16: GIVING AND GRATITUDE

Those who live with Siva render to those in need help that is loving, selfless and free from all expectation of repayment. They are constantly grateful for all they have, never complaining about what they don't possess. Aum.

THESE NANDINĀTHA SŪTRAS DESCRIBE HOW **I** people lived and interrelated with one another when life was simpler, when families and villages were close-knit, and love and peace, respect and wisdom prevailed. There is no new knowledge contained herein. Each sūtra proclaims an ancient wisdom and protocol which, when followed, brings that same simplicity, community support, peace, harmony and refinement of enduring relationships into



 $s\overline{u}$ tra 19: Guarding against instincts and intellect

Those who live with Siva keep the mountaintop perspective that life on Earth is an opportunity for spiritual progress. They never lose sight of this truth by becoming infatuated with instinctive-intellectual pursuits. Aum.

SUTRA 20: DIRECTING THE POWER OF DESIRE

Those who live with Siva know the great power of desire and thought, and choose theirs wisely. They also know the infinitely greater power of those who conquer desire by desiring only to know God. Aum Namah Śivāya.

SUTRA 21: HOLDING A DAILY VIGIL

Worshipers of Siva perform a one-hour daily vigil, ideally before sunrise, in a clean, quiet place, after bathing and donning fresh clothing and holy ash. This vigil is optional on weekends and when traveling or ill. Aum.

SŪTRA 22: MORNING SĀDHANAS

Worshipers of Siva, during their daily sādhana vigil, conduct or attend pūjā, chant the Guru Mantra and 108 repetitions of their mantra, study scripture and perform hatha yoga, concentration and meditation. Aum.

> daily life. Each of these 365 sūtras, one to be read each day of the year, is a thread of purity, many from the historic past into the present, some from contemporary times. Even today, in the fifty-second Hindu century, they define the daily life of hundreds of millions of wellbred and well-raised Asian people. We hope you enjoy this modern look at the ancient Hindu path and find here much to emulate in vour own life. GURUDEVA

SUTRA 17: BEINGS OF JOY AND COMPASSION

Those who live with Siva are honorable, cheerful, modest and full of courtesy. Having removed the darkness of anger, fear, jealousy and contempt for others, their faces radiate the kindly compassion of their soul. Aum.

SŪTRA 18: SEEKING INNER LIGHT AND STILLNESS

Those who live with Siva attend close to His mystery. While others seek "name and fame, sex and money," stillness and hold Truth in the palm of their hand. Aum. SUTRA 23: YOGA AS A LIFELONG EFFORT

Worshipers of Siva practice basic yogas (bhakti, karma, hatha and japa) as their guru instructs, throughout life and more as life goes on. They know self-mastery yokes the fire within with That which quells the fire. Aum.

SUTRA 24: CAUTION WITH ADVANCED YOGAS

Worshipers of Siva who qualify may perform advanced yogas (kriyā, rāja and kuṇḍalinī), but only with their guthey seek the clear white light within, find refuge in the ru's guidance, for unless harnessed, kuṇḍalinī can manifest base desires, disease, egotism and joylessness. Aum.



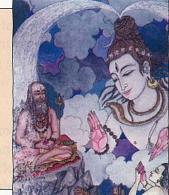
## SUTRA 25: WARNINGS AGAINST ANGER

Worshipers of Siva who are victim to anger or hatred refrain from meditation, japa and kundalinī yoga. They confess sins, do penance and engage in bhakti and karma yoga to raise consciousness. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

#### SUTRA 26: SHARING RICE WITH OTHERS

Lovers of Siva, before preparing any meal, place in a Siva's followers take pride in the fact that the philosovessel one handful of uncooked rice. This modest sharing is offered at their satguru's tiruvadi each full-moon Siddhānta and Vedānta. This mysterious dance of dualday to be shared by him with the less fortunate. Aum. ism and nondualism is called monistic theism. Aum.

THESE APHORISMS ARE A DISTILLED SUM-I mation of The Master Course, a 3,000 page trilogy of Dancing with Siva, Living with Siva and Merging with Siva, expressing the traditional Saiva philosophy, culture and ways of meditation. While they are law, these sūtras are not commandments. They simply describe what devout Hindus do. Naturally, I expect my close followers will heed and try to put into practice all 365 sūtras. However,



eighteen aphorisms speak against practices that are always avoided. I have used the word forbidden in each of these precepts to distinguish them from the rest. Fulfilling them, we have found, allows for inner freedom that is unsurpassed. Stress, often a by-product of guilt, has no home in individuals who never allow themselves to participate in any of these unwholesome areas. "It is wise to fear that which is to be feared."

## SUTRA 27: DAILY OFFERINGS FOR THE TEMPLE

Lovers of Siva keep a box in their shrine into which they Siva's followers of my lineage study, live and preach to ple each year during its Mahāśivarātri festival. Aum. Advaita Siddhānta and Śuddha Śaiva Siddhānta. Aum.

#### SUTRA 28: KAVADI AND OTHER PENANCES

penances to build character and atone for sins. Aum. that." Yea, such an inscrutable God is God Śiva. Aum.

## SŪTRA 29: KEEPING CLEAN SURROUNDINGS

clean and uncluttered to maintain a spiritual vibration and not attract negative forces. They seek fresh air and sunshine and surround themselves with beauty. Aum. all form as energy, existence, knowledge and bliss. Aum.

## SUTRA 30: INSTRUCTIONS FOR SLEEP

meditate before returning to sleep. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya. server and destroyer of all that exists. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SŪTRA 32: LIVING AND PREACHING ŚIVA'S PATH

The Nature of God

\* The Nature of Souls and World

SUTRA 31: A PHILOSOPHY WORTHY OF PRIDE

phical basis of their peerless lineage lies in the unity of

\* Evil and Expressions of Faith

place a few coins each day for their favorite temple. the world our peerless theological doctrine, called by They bring or send this love offering to their Saiva tem-various names: monistic theism, Advaita Īśvaravāda,

## SUTRA 33: GOD'S UNMANIFEST REALITY

Lovers of Siva so inclined may perform kavadi during Siva's followers all believe that Lord Siva is God, whose Murugan festivals where custom allows. They may also Absolute Being, Paraśiva, transcends time, form and lie on beds of nails, walk on fire and undertake other space. The yogī silently exclaims, "It is not this. It is not

## SŪTRA 34: GOD'S MANIFEST NATURE OF LOVE

Lovers of Siva keep their home and work environment Siva's followers all believe that Lord Siva is God, whose immanent nature of love, Parāśakti, is the substratum, primal substance or pure consciousness flowing through

## SŪTRA 35: GOD'S IMMANENT NATURE AS PERSONAL LORD

Lovers of Siva sleep with the head placed south or east Siva's followers all believe that Lord Siva is God, whose after chanting and meditating to prepare for a great immanent nature is the Primal Soul, Supreme Mahādeva, journey to the inner worlds. If awakened, they sit up and Parameśvara, author of Vedas and Āgamas, creator, preSUTRA 36: GANAPATI, FIRST AMONG THE GODS

Siva's followers all believe in the Mahādeva Lord Gaņeśa, son of Śiva-Śakti, to whom they must first supplicate before beginning any worship or task. His rule is compassionate. His law is just. Justice is His mind. Aum.

SUTRA 37: MURUGAN, LORD OF YOGA AND HARMONY Śiva's followers all believe in the Mahādeva Kārttikeya, Son of Śiva-Śakti, whose vel of grace dissolves the bondages of ignorance. The yogī, locked in lotus, venerates Murugan. Thus restrained, his mind becomes calm. Aum.

SŪTRA 38: GOD CREATES SOULS WHO ARE ONE WITH HIM Siva's followers all believe that each soul is created by Lord Siva and is identical to Him, and that this identity will be fully realized by all souls when the bondage of āṇava, karma and māyā is removed by His grace. Aum.

SUTRA 39: THE GROSS, SUBTLE AND CAUSAL PLANES Siva's followers all believe in three worlds: the gross plane, where souls take on physical bodies; the subtle plane, where souls take on astral bodies; and the causal plane, where souls exist in their self-effulgent form. Aum.

SUTRA 40: KARMA, REINCARNATION AND LIBERATION Siva's followers all believe in the law of karma—that one must reap the effects of all actions he has caused—and that each soul reincarnates until all karmas are resolved and moksha, liberation, is attained. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  41: THE FOUR PROGRESSIVE STAGES OF THE PATH Śiva's followers all believe that the performance of *charyā*, virtuous living; kriyā, temple worship; and yoga, leading to Parasiva through the grace of the living satguru, is absolutely necessary to bring forth jñāna, wisdom. Aum.

#### SUTRA 42: THE ILLUSION OF EVIL

Śiva's followers all believe there is no intrinsic evil. Evil has no source, unless the source of evil's seeming be ignorance itself. They are truly compassionate, knowing that ultimately there is no good or bad. All is Śiva's will. Aum.

SUTRA 43: TEMPLE WORSHIP CONNECTS THREE WORLDS Śiva's followers all believe that religion is the harmonious All devotees of Śiva exercise kshamā, restraining intolworking together of the three worlds and that this harmony can be created through temple worship, wherein the beings of all three worlds can communicate. Aum.

sūtra 44: śaivism's most powerful vedic mantra Śiva's followers all believe in the Pañchākshara Mantra, the five sacred syllables Namaḥ Śivāya, as Śaivism's foremost and essential mantra. The secret of Namah Śivāya is to hear it from the right lips at the right time. Aum.

SŪTRA 45: ŚIVA IS IN ALL AND BEYOND ALL

Śiva's followers hold as their affirmation of faith Anbe Sivamayam Satyame Parasivam, "God Śiva is immanent love and transcendent reality," a perfect summary of Śaiva Siddhānta's exquisite truth. Aum Namah Śivāya.

## SECTION TWO

## **Ethics**

The ethical path defined by the yamas and niyamas takes this seeker step by step toward his goal. At first he is agitated and distracted, then learns of discipline, advancing into his internal yogas and worship of the Gods. All the while, he inwardly stands apart as a witness to his own life.



- ❖ Ten Classical Restraints
- ❖ Ten Classical Observances
- \* Ahimsā and Its Exceptions

SUTRA 46: NONINJURY AND TRUTHFULNESS

All devotees of Siva practice ahimsā, not harming others by thought, word or deed, even in their dreams. Adhering to satya, truthfulness, they do not lie, deceive, betray promises or keep secrets from loved ones. Aum.

SŪTRA 47: NONSTEALING AND SEXUAL PURITY

All devotees of Siva uphold asteya, never stealing, coveting, cheating or entering into debt. They practice sexual purity, brahmacharya, controlling lust by remaining celibate when single and faithful in marriage. Aum.

SŪTRA 48: PATIENCE AND STEADFASTNESS

erance with people and impatience with circumstances. They foster dhriti, steadfastness, overcoming nonperseverance, fear, indecision and changeableness. Aum.



#### SUTRA 49: COMPASSION AND STRAIGHTFORWARDNESS

All devotees of Siva practice dayā, compassion, conquering callous, cruel, insensitive feelings toward all beings. Maintaining ārjava, they are straightforward and honest, renouncing deception and wrongdoing. Aum.

#### SUTRA 50: MODERATE APPETITE AND PURITY

appetite, not eating too much or consuming meat, fish, shellfish, fowl or eggs. They uphold śaucha, avoiding impurity in body, mind and speech. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

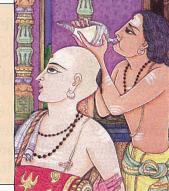
#### $S\overline{U}TRA$ 51: REMORSE AND CONTENTMENT

All Siva's devotees, upholding the expression of hrī, remorse, are modest and show shame for misdeeds. They nurture santosha, seeking joy and serenity in life. Thus, theirs is a happy, sweet-tempered, fulfilling path. Aum.

#### SUTRA 52: CHARITY AND FAITH

All Śiva's devotees practice dāna, tithing and giving Devout Hindus all know abortion is, by Vedic edict, a generously, creatively, without thought of reward. They sin against *dharma* fraught with *karmic* repercussions. sustain an unshakable faith, āstikya, believing in God, Scripture allows it only to prevent the mother's death,

Many who read these sūtras will wonder to themselves or even among friends, "Why do we need to follow such strict disciplines? Aren't they a bit old-fashioned?" My answer is: before the two world wars, traditions similar to these were followed even in the US, regarding raising of children, man-and-wife relationships, women rarely working outside the home, and thus not neglecting their children, etc. It was during World War II, when women



began working in the world, that the breakdown of culture occurred, setting a trend that is now being followed in almost every nation. The nonculture, or the destruction of culture which is nonculture, has become the "culture" which everyone follows. Hence the avalanche of promiscuity, divorce, suicide, various excesses and abuses—murder, theft, wife-beating, drug abuse and neglect of children. GURUDEVA

## SUTRA 53: WORSHIP AND SCRIPTURAL STUDY

teachings and listen to the wise of their lineage. Aum. women, men and children is acceptable behavior. Aum.

#### SUTRA 54: COGNITION AND VOWS

observances, and never waver in fulfilling them. Aum. even listen to such debasing talk. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

#### SUTRA 55: INCANTATION AND SACRIFICE

All Siva's devotees do japa daily, counting recitations on rudrāksha beads. Embracing tapas through simple austerities, they sacrifice often, carry out penances as needed and perform sādhana regularly. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

#### SUTRA 56: NONINJURY

All devotees of Siva observe mitahāra, moderation in Siva's devotees do not intentionally kill or harm any person or creature. Nonviolence, physically, mentally and emotionally, is their highest code. Full of compassion, they are never a source of fear or hurtfulness. Aum.

#### SUTRA 57: SUICIDE

Siva's devotees are forbidden to escape life's experience through suicide. However, in cases of terminal illness, under strict community regulation, tradition does allow fasting as a means of mors voluntaria religiosa. Aum.

#### SUTRA 58: ABORTION

Gods, guru and the Vedic path to enlightenment. Aum. for it is a greater sin for a child to kill the mother. Aum.

## SUTRA 59: PORNOGRAPHY

All Śiva's devotees cultivate bhakti and family harmony Śiva's devotees are forbidden to speak of, listen to or in daily ritual and reflection, Iśvarapūjana. Upholding look at exhibitions of pornography. This adharma is siddhānta śravana, they hear the scriptures, study the addictive, erodes self-esteem and teaches that degrading

## SUTRA 60: PURITY OF SPEECH

All Śiva's devotees acquire *mati*, divine cognition and Śiva's devotees speak only what is true, kind, helpful an indomitable will and intellect, under their satguru's and necessary. They never use profane language, bear guidance. They observe vratas, religious vows, rules and false witness, engage in slander, gossip or backbiting, or

#### SŪTRA 61: EXCEPTIONS TO AHIMSĀ

Śiva's devotees, when unable to observe *ahimsā* perfectly, may claim three exceptions to preserve one life over another. But these must be used sparingly, reluctantly, after the noninjurious options have been tried. Aum.

#### SUTRA 62: SELF-DEFENSE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT

Siva's devotees faced with imminent danger may elect to injure or kill to protect their life or that of another, or to defend the community as a soldier or a law officer in the line of duty. This is ahimsa's first exception. Aum.

#### SUTRA 63: PRESERVING LIFE AND HEALTH

Siva's devotees may elect to preserve the life and health of a person or animal under their care by forfeiting the life of organisms, such as worms or microbes, that pose a threat. This is the second exception to ahimsā. Aum.

## SUTRA 64: PREDATORS AND PESTS

Siva's devotees may elect to protect the home, the village and the nation by eradicating predators, pests, bacteria and disease-carrying creatures that threaten health or safety. This is *ahimsā's* third and last exception. Aum.

## SUTRA 65: NONINJURIOUS SOLUTIONS

Siva's devotees uphold the principle not to kill even All Siva's devotees refuse to acquire or condone the use household pests, but to stop their entry, not to kill garden insects or predators, but keep them away by natural means. This is the highest ideal. Aum Namah Śivāya.

- \* Reverence for the Environment
- Cultivating Self-Control
- Worldly Activities

#### SUTRA 66: PROTECTING CREATURES, DEFENDING RIGHTS

All Siva's devotees are stewards of trees and plants, fish and birds, bees and reptiles, animals and creatures of every shape and kind. They respect and defend the rights of humans of every caste, creed, color and sex. Aum.

## $s\overline{u}$ tra 67: Honoring the values of others

or and value all human cultures, faiths, languages and peoples, never offending one to promote another. Aum. same infinite capacity are Śiva's truest devotees. Aum.

#### SUTRA 68: PRESERVING THIS DIVINE ABODE

All Siva's devotees honor and revere the world around them as God's creation and work for the protection of the Earth's diversity and resources to achieve the goal of a secure, sustainable and lasting environment. Aum.

IVING WITH ŚIVA IS AN ENTIRE LIBRARY OF BOOKS COV-Lering the whole range of history, poetry, drama, biography, prophecy, philosophy, science and inspirational reading. It alone truly answers the greatest questions that men of all ages have asked: "Where have I come from?", "Where am I going?", "Why am I going?", "Why am I here?", "How can I



Aadheenakarthar and 292nd Guru Mahasannidhanam of Madurai

know the Truth?" It reveals the truth about God, explains the origin of Man, points out the only way to salvation and eternal life and explains the age-old problem of sin and suffering. Living with Siva imparts strength, provides us with a sword for victory over sin, makes our lives fruitful and gives us power to pray. In this book we have a whole lifetime of Śiva's study.

SUTRA 69: RESPECTING EARTH'S PLANTS AND ANIMALS

of endangered plants, animals or products from exploited species, such as furs, ivory, reptile skin, tortoise shell, or items produced using cruel animal testing. Aum.

#### SŪTRA 70: CONSERVING THE GIFTS OF NATURE

All Siva's devotees are frugal and resourceful, avoiding waste and conserving nature's precious resources. They wisely store a three-to-twelve-month supply of food according to the family's means. Aum Namah Śivāya.

#### SUTRA 71: SEXUAL FAITHFULNESS

Devout Hindus observe the eightfold celibacy toward everyone but their spouse, renouncing sexual fantasy, glorification, flirtation, lustful glances, secret love talk, amorous longing, rendezvous and intercourse. Aum.

## SŪTRA 72: ACCEPTING PRAISE AND BLAME

All Śiva's devotees think globally and act locally as in- It is well known that all Śiva's devotees can absorb any terracial, international citizens of the Earth. They hon- amount of praise. But those who can withstand mental, emotional persecution, even physical torment, with the



#### SŪTRA 73: LIVING IN TRADITIONAL SURROUNDINGS

Siva's devotees, in their homes, endeavor to surround themselves with Saiva images, music and song. In the world they may enjoy the arts of other cultures but strictly avoid lower-world artistic expressions. Aum.

#### SUTRA 74: WISE USE OF TELEVISION

Śiva's devotees may watch television and other media for recreation and to keep informed about the world, limiting viewing to about two hours a day. They avoid nudity, foul language, crudeness and excessive violence. Aum.

#### SUTRA 75: COMPUTERS

Siva's devotees know computers and the Internet are boons from the Gods and approach them as tools, not toys. They moderate leisure use, minimize Web browsing and never play violent games. Aum Namah Śivāya.

## SUTRA 76: GAMBLING IS FORBIDDEN

games of chance with payment or risk, even through others or for employment. Gambling erodes society, assuring the loss of many for the gain of a few. Aum.

## SUTRA 77: THE CURSE OF BAD MONEY

can never do good deeds, refuse funds gained by fraud, bribery, theft, dealing arms or drugs, profiting from abortion or divorce, and all dark, devious means. Aum. or associate with lustful or promiscuous women. Aum.

#### SUTRA 78: BRIBERY IS FORBIDDEN

they offer bribes to others, no matter how seemingly

#### SUTRA 79: GUARDING AGAINST PRIDE

point with their index finger or assume prideful poswith one foot resting on the knee when sitting. Aum.

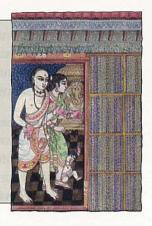
## SUTRA 80: AVOIDING LOW-MINDED COMPANY

against religion, selfish, abusive, ill-tempered, vicious

## SECTION THREE

# The Family Path

A husband and wife are seen through the wooden doorway of their home, which they have decorated traditionally with auspicious symbols: tripundra, kolams and fresh mango leaves on a string. Their infant plays near the family's shrine where Lord Ganeśa rules and resides.



- \* Instructions for Men
- \* Instructions for Husbands
- Instructions for Women

#### SUTRA 81: MODESTY WITH WOMEN

Siva's devotees are forbidden to indulge in gambling or Devout Hindu men speak to and associate mostly with men. Conversation with women, especially the wives of other men, is not prolonged. To avoid intimacy, one's gaze is directed at the hairline, not into the eyes. Aum.

## SUTRA 82: RESPECT FOR WOMEN

Siva's devotees, knowing that bad money is cursed and All Siva's men devotees go out of their way to express respect, bordering on reverence, for women. They never demean them in speech, watch vulgar or erotic shows,

#### SUTRA 83: KINDLINESS TOWARD WOMEN

Siva's devotees are forbidden to accept bribes; nor do Siva's men devotees never argue with women, antagonize, disrespect, tease or abuse them in any way. They necessary, expedient or culturally accepted this practice are always kindly, protective, helpful and understandmay be. Jai, they fight for the mercy of honesty! Aum. ing, honoring the mother spirit within women. Aum.

#### SŪTRA 84: WEARING TRADITIONAL CLOTHING

Siva's devotees treasure humility. They never boast, Siva's men devotees dress, whenever appropriate, in impeccable traditional Hindu attire, always at home, in tures, such as with arms folded and chin held high, or the temple and at religious/cultural events. Their outer elegance is equaled only by their inner dignity. Aum.

## SUTRA 85: THE HOME AS REFUGE

Śiva's devotees avoid thieves and addicts, those who are Śiva's men devotees, on arriving home from work, impromiscuous, who feign devotion, who are ungrateful, mediately bathe and enter their shrine for the blessings of Gods and guru to dispel worldly forces and regain or who possess many impurities. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya. the state of Śiva consciousness. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

#### SUTRA 86: CARING FOR ONE'S WIFE

his wife, despite any shortcomings. He is forbidden to Conversation with males, especially married men, is by strike or speak harshly to her or ignore her needs. If he does, he must seek family and professional help. Aum.

#### SUTRA 87: RESTRAINT WITH OTHER WOMEN

Siva's married men, in the workplace and in the world, hold a courteous aloofness toward all women, whether young, older, single, married, divorced or widowed. They reserve their affections for wife and family. Aum.

#### SUTRA 88: COMMUNICATING DAILY

When away from home, each of Śiva's married men Devout Hindu women are fulfilled in living and passing devotees contacts his wife every day to express his love and inquire about her day. He avoids rowdy company those who, swayed by feminist thinking, feel unfulfilled and never visits another woman's home alone. Aum. and criticize Hinduism as being male dominated. Aum.

#### SUTRA 92: MODESTY WITH MEN

Each of Siva's married men devotees loves and cares for Devout Hindu women associate mostly with women. custom limited. Intimate exchange of energies is avoided by looking at the hairline, not into the eyes. Aum.

## SUTRA 93: HER MONTHLY RETREAT

Śiva's women devotees, by custom, rest and regenerate physical forces during menses, refraining from heavy or demanding work. On these days they do not enter temples or home shrines, or approach holy men. Aum.

#### SUTRA 94: UPHOLDING FEMININE DHARMA

on the dharma to the youth as their special duty, unlike



Sri Sri Swami Pragyanand Pragva Dham, Delhi, India

THE 365 NANDINĀTHA SŪTRAS FOR RIGHT LIV- ing. There is darkness all around. International the society to the point where there will be no mispower. It will be a society without any kind of evil. unity, equality, love, international peace and brotherhood. Humanity is on the brink of self-annihilation and self-destruction. It is crying and groan- pure in thought and action.

**1** ing, if practiced, will elevate the individual and brutalities, terrorism and blood lust have made the Earth a hell. The path shown by Living with Siva is deeds, no violence, no social tensions, no hatred, the only hope. It is the silver lining in the thick and no cold wars, no fear, no greed and no lust for dark clouds. The subject matter embodied in Living with Siva is so diversified and comprehensive There would be a mutual tolerance, nonviolence, that it leaves out no aspect of present day life and the prevailing distortions in society. The book is a practical guide for individuals, showing how to be

## SUTRA 89: FULFILLING ALL HER NEEDS AND WANTS

Śiva's devotees who are husbands practice the mystical law of caring for and giving the wife all she needs and all she wants, thus releasing her śakti energy from within, making him contented, successful and magnetic. Aum.

#### SUTRA 90: FAMILY TOGETHERNESS

Each of Siva's devotees who is a husband spends time with his wife and children daily. Monday is a family evening at home. One night monthly is devoted to the wife alone in an activity of her choice. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

## SUTRA 91: WOMEN'S ATTIRE

Śiva's women devotees wear, whenever appropriate, traditional Hindu attire, always at home and in the temple, adding rich jewelry for cultural events. Ever modest and elegant, they never expose breasts or thighs. Aum. spiritual bond and goals she shares with him. Aum.

#### SUTRA 95: NOT CONTROLLING MEN EMOTIONALLY

Śiva's women devotees never become angry with a man, maliciously belittle or verbally abuse him, or use other emotional controls, such as disdain, accusation, crying, or prolonged pouting or silence. Aum Namah Śivāya.

- Instructions for Wives
- \* Instructions for the Widowed
- \* Instructions for the Unmarried

SUTRA 96: SHE WORSHIPS HER WEDDING PENDANT

Each of Śiva's married women devotees each morning worships her wedding pendant, for it betokens her dear husband, whom she reveres as Siva Himself, and the

#### SUTRA 97: BEING MODEST WITH OTHER MEN

Śiva's married women maintain a kindly and modest Śiva's widowed devotees choosing not to remarry tradireserve toward all men, be they young, older, single, married, divorced or widowed. They shower all their love and attention on their husband and family. Aum.

#### SUTRA 98: FULFILLING MORNING DUTIES

Each of Siva's married women devotees observes the Siva's devotees who are widows or widowers happily custom of arising before her husband, to bathe, ready throw themselves into yoga practices. Though their loss the shrine and prepare his morning beverage. First up is great, so too is their opportunity for religious service and last to retire, she is in charge of her home. Aum. and the attainment of the highest spiritual goals. Aum.

WHEN MY SATGURU, SAGE YOGASWAMI, WAS asked half a century ago why we should follow the old ways, he answered, "The railway engine pulls many coaches. Can it do so if it runs off the track? No. Great people have shown the path. We must follow it." Though perhaps challenging, the guidelines described here create happy individuals, harmonious families and secure nations. Sage Yogaswami, the venerable satguru of the Tamil people of Sri Lanka, made an-



other observation that points to the first reason for these sūtras: "Because of worldliness, the light in the faces of the young has become less bright these days. The way is very long, and you must go forward slowly, keeping to the path, not walking on the thorns by its sides." These sūtras define the path and the thorns that lie on either side of it. They give the protocol and practices, as well as the attainments—the end in view. GURUDEVA

## SUTRA 99: MEALTIME CUSTOMS

## SUTRA 100: TAKING ACTION IF ABUSED

her or the children, she is duty-bound to seek help from family, friends and community. Aum Namah Śivāya.

#### SUTRA 101: REMARRYING AFTER WIDOWHOOD

Siva's widowed followers may remarry, provided it is a Siva's unmarried adolescent and adult devotees are all spiritual union, astrologically compatible, blessed by their preceptor and their religious community. If they remarry, they are no longer considered widowed. Aum.

#### SUTRA 102: PURSUING THE PATH OF SADHANA

Siva's widowed devotees who choose not to remarry practice strict continence. They dedicate their lives to God and transmute sexual forces into the higher chak-

## $S\overline{U}TRA$ 105: SIGNS OF THE WIDOWED'S INTENT

SUTRA 103: WIDOWS' SIMPLE DRESS

tionally wear unprovocative white clothing, not yellow

or orange. They wear no cosmetics, marriage pendant

or elaborate jewelry. Their deportment is demure. Aum.

SŪTRA 104: WIDOWHOOD'S INNER OPPORTUNITY

Each of Siva's married women devotees joyously Siva's widowed devotees not intending to remarry wear observes at mealtimes the ancient custom of serving her holy ash and the forehead mark of sandalpaste, but not husband and family first. When they are satisfied, she is red powder. Those wishing to remarry may wear jewelfulfilled and only then sits down for her own meal. Aum. ry, cosmetics and colorful clothing. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

## SUTRA 106: CHASTITY AND MARRIAGE TO A SAIVITE

Each of Śiva's married women loves and serves her hus-Śiva's young devotees take the celibacy vow and remain band, despite any shortcomings. But if he ever strikes virgin until marriage. For lasting happiness and mutual spiritual purpose, they seek to marry a Saivite wisely chosen by their parents, satguru and themselves. Aum.

## SUTRA 107: LIVING VIRTUOUSLY WHEN SINGLE

considered brahmachārīs or brahmachārinīs, bound to the wise restraints of chastity that tradition prescribes, whether they have taken a celibacy vow or not. Aum.

#### SUTRA 108: THE BRAHMACHĀRIN PATH

Siva's women devotees electing not to marry may live the brahmachāriṇī's celibate life, keeping simple vows and always wearing white. By this the world knows they are ras through sādhana, worship and brahmacharya. Aum. unavailable, having chosen the path of devotion. Aum.

#### SŪTRA 109: THE BRAHMACHĀRĪ PATH

Siva's men devotees choosing not to marry may take up celibate life, keeping simple vows and wearing white. To be a swāmī candidate, they must begin an 8-to-12-year period of monastic training before the age of 25. Aum.

#### $S\overline{U}TRA$ 110: THE FIRST STEP OF RENUNCIATION

Siva's young men devotees inclined to throw down the world and enter the monastery should read and accept the Holy Orders of Sannyāsa and adjust themselves to its ideals before requesting training. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

- Arranging Marriages
- Sustaining Marriages
- \* About Divorce

## $s\overline{u}$ tra 111: Considerations for matchmaking

Siva's followers arrange the marriages of their children, seeking sameness of lineage, astrological compatibility, harmony of the two families, total consent of both boy and girl and, foremost, their satguru's blessings. Aum.

## SUTRA 112: FORCED MARRIAGE IS PROHIBITED

Siva's followers are forbidden to force any marriage arrangement that overrides astrological incompatibility, the couple's feelings or the guru's advice. To do so would bind them to a life of unsolvable problems. Aum.

#### $S\overline{U}TRA$ 113: KEEPING WEDDING COSTS REASONABLE

Weddings are spiritual events among Siva's followers. Ceremonies must never burden the families financially and, while the bride may bring wealth to the marriage, families are forbidden to demand or pay dowries. Aum.

## $S\overline{U}TRA$ 114: THE WRITTEN MARRIAGE COVENANT

Śiva's followers compose a written promise to one another before marriage, defining the duties, responsibilities and expectations of their life together. At key junctures in life, they rewrite this vital agreement. Aum.

#### SUTRA 115: THE ALL-IMPORTANT SUPPORT GROUP

Each marriage within a Saivite community enjoys support, strength and encouragement from the satguru and all of Siva's followers, and counsel from elders when needed, especially in times of trial. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

#### SUTRA 116: THE PURPOSE OF MARRIAGE

Śiva's followers look upon their marriage as a spiritual partnership for the purpose of uplifting each other and bringing through higher souls. It is a union not only of a man and woman, but of two entire families. Aum.

#### SUTRA 117: SUPPORTING RELIGIOUS OBSERVANCES

Siva's married followers all encourage their spouses to ardently fulfill sādhana, religious service, meditation, yoga, ritual worship, festivals and pilgrimage. They never discourage such noble expressions of dharma. Aum.

#### SUTRA 118: TRADITIONS OF CONJUGAL LIFE

Siva's followers who are married regulate their sex life according to traditionally accepted standards. They confine their affectionate looks to one another and do not hold hands, embrace, caress or kiss in public. Aum.

## SUTRA 119: ADULTERY AND FIDELITY

Śiva's followers are forbidden by Sanātana Dharma to commit adultery or even steal the affections of another's spouse. They treasure fidelity and know that transgressions are rewarded with pain, guilt and remorse. Aum.



Karan Singh, Ph.D., Sabha), New Delhi, India

RI SIVAYA SUBRAMUNIYASWAMI HAS Ocompleted a remarkable trilogy which includes Dancing with Siva and Merging with Siva. These volumes provide an invaluable source of inspiration. Written with great depth of thought, clarity of exposition and based upon his personal experience, they should find an honored place in Hindu homes around the world.

## SUTRA 120: CELIBACY IN MARRIED LIFE

Siva's followers who have raised their family may, by mutual consent and with satguru's blessings, choose to live in celibacy, as brother and sister, and thus transmute their vital energies into the Divine. Aum Namah Śivāya.

#### SUTRA 121: VALID CAUSES FOR SEPARATION

In marriages of Siva's followers, adultery, severe neglect, verbal abuse and abandonment may be valid causes for separation but not divorce. Spiritual law recognizes no divorce, and separation is hoped to be temporary. Aum.

#### SUTRA 122: THE ONLY REASON TO DIVORCE

In marriages of Siva's followers, divorce by man's law Siva's followers serve holy men and women of all linmay be resorted to in cases of persistent physical abuse eages, providing food, money and clothes according to to protect the abused spouse. This is the singular regret- their means. They lovingly care for these living archives table exception to the permanence of marriage. Aum. of Sanātana Dharma and treat them amicably. Aum.

THERE IS A SECOND REASON FOR THESE **■** sūtras. When you take them as a whole, you will glimpse the ideal community. Such a community is able to work together, love together, trust together, create together, serve Siva together, worship together, live together in a productive harmony and ongoing creativity, as they each experience birth, life, death and birth again. Thirdly, Hindus have spread throughout the world, relocating be-



cause of employment opportunities, ethnic disputes, violence and economic deprivation in their homelands. Because of this diaspora, it became necessary to restate the law of the culture and modes of behavior that their forefathers knew and lived so well. At this trying time in history, these Nandinātha Sūtras came forth as a boon from the Gods to followers who in the seriousness of their search were asking for advice and guidance. GURUDEVA

#### SUTRA 123: REMARRIAGE IS DISCOURAGED

#### SUTRA 124: NOT ATTENDING RITES OF PASSAGE

owed followers protect auspiciousness by not attending rites of passage, except funerals. However, they may help with preparations and participate in receptions. Aum.

## SŪTRA 125: DIVORCE AND ŚAIVA CHURCH MEMBERSHIP

chronic abuse, the spouse initiating the divorce process is no longer a member. He or she is kept apart and urged to seek out a more lenient lineage. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

- Hospitality
- Household Ethics
- \* Raising Worthy Children

## $S\overline{U}TRA$ 126: THE GUEST IS GOD IN ŚAIVA HOMES

from a vīṇā. Guests are treated as Gods. Friends, relatives, acquaintances, even strangers, are humbled by the overwhelming, ever-willing attention received. Aum.

# SUTRA 128: CLOSENESS WITH OTHER FAMILIES

SUTRA 127: SERVING THE HOLY ONES

Any of Siva's followers who is divorced is by tradition Siva's followers who are householders joyously visit one encouraged to not remarry but rather adopt the path of another's homes and grow together in Godliness. Some celibacy. They know that marriage is a Godly covenant religious ceremony or karma yoga is a part of their evideally made with only one spouse in a lifetime. Aum. ery gathering. They live as one spiritual family. Aum.

## $s\overline{u}$ tra 129: Respecting elders, nurturing the young

Śiva's traditional priests require that divorced and wid-Śiva's followers honor elders for their wisdom, guidance and compassion. Those who are younger, whatever their age, never disrespect those older than they. Those older nurture and encourage all who are younger. Aum.

#### SUTRA 130: HELPING ONE ANOTHER

In divorce cases in my Church, except when caused by Siva's followers see that the spirit of helping and taking care of one another prevails between family and family, monastery and family. The group helps the individual, and the individual helps the group. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

## SUTRA 131: THE HUSBAND'S DHARMA

Each of Siva's married men followers strives to fulfill male dharma, safeguarding the integrity of society and the family through protecting and providing abundantly for his beloved wife, children and parents. Aum.

## SUTRA 132: THE WIFE'S DHARMA

Hospitality flows from Siva's followers like sweet music Each of Siva's married women followers strives to fulfill female dharma, perpetuating the race, family and the faith through remaining in the home to nurture, guide and strengthen her dear husband and children. Aum.

#### SUTRA 133: THE STRENGTH OF THE EXTENDED FAMILY

Śiva's followers know the most stable societies are based on the extended family. They often merge individuals with families and families with families in one home or complex, for economy, sharing and religiousness. Aum.

#### SUTRA 134: CARING FOR ELDERS

Śiva's followers who are householders care for their parents and close relatives all through life. The elderly especially must be comforted, honored at auspicious times and never left alone for extended periods. Aum.

## $s\overline{u}$ tra 135: Limiting the stay of guests

Siva's householder followers, to protect family sanctity and avoid magnetic entanglements, do not allow adult guests in their home for more than three nights who are not part of their extended family. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.



President of the Divine Life

IVING WITH ŚIVA ADDRESSES THE Ldevout religious-minded Hindu individual living his life in the framework of Hindu society as well as human society as a whole and carrying on his daily duties and activities as a brahmachari, or a grihastha, or a retired vānaprasthi, or as a monastic sannyāsin even, in the true spirit of Saivism and of Hinduism.

## SUTRA 136: NURTURING CHILDREN, MEETING DAILY

Siva's followers use astrology, tradition and wise counsel to cultivate each child's inherent talents and higher nature. They hold family meetings daily to share, plan, express love and discuss issues with mutual respect. Aum.

#### $S\overline{U}TRA$ 137: TAKING TIME TO TRAIN THE YOUTH

Śiva's followers who are parents take time to train boys in technical skills, girls in homemaking, and both in music, health, cooking and home management. They celebrate improvements instead of focusing on mistakes. Aum.

## SŪTRA 138: NOT GOVERNING THROUGH FEAR

Śiva's followers never govern youth through fear. They are forbidden to spank or hit them, use harsh or angry words, neglect or abuse them. They know you can't make children do better by making them feel worse. Aum.

SUTRA 139: TEACHING AND MODELING GOOD CONDUCT Siva's followers love their children, govern them in a kind but firm way and model the five family practices: proper conduct, home worship, religious discussion,

#### SUTRA 140: TIMELY OBSERVANCE OF SACRAMENTS

continuous self-study and following a preceptor. Aum.

Siva's followers provide their children the essential sacraments at the proper times, especially name-giving, first feeding, head-shaving, ear-piercing, first learning, rites of puberty and marriage. Aum Namah Śivāya.

- Preserving Family Unity
- \* Preparing Youth for Adult Life
- Duties of Young Adults

#### SUTRA 141: LOGICAL, POSITIVE DISCIPLINE

Siva's followers direct children through affirmations, meaningful chores and rules that are clear and understood, teaching that mistakes are opportunities to learn, and focusing on solutions instead of punishment. Aum.

## SŪTRA 142: INSPIRING BELONGING AND DIGNITY

Siva's followers encourage and inspire children so they always feel they belong and are significant. If upsets occur, parents use loving, positive strategies such as timeout, logical consequences and denial of privileges. Aum.

## $s\overline{u}$ tra 143: training youth in money management

Siva's followers who are parents preserve family unity and teach responsibility by not granting youth financial independence. Money is given only for approved expenses, and change is returned with accounting. Aum.

#### SUTRA 144: POOLING INCOMES FOR FAMILY UNITY

Siva's followers require unmarried progeny living with them who have finished school and are employed to submit, after tithing, all earnings to the family fund. Once betrothed, they manage their own earnings. Aum.

## SŪTRA 145: DISCIPLINING WITH LOVE

Siva's followers, knowing that misbehaving children are discouraged, take time for play and encouragement, and ensure that discipline is respectful, reasonable and not based on blame, shame or pain. Aum Namah Śivāya.

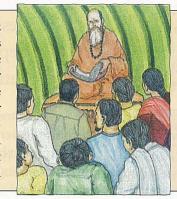
SUTRA 146: GROWING UP IN THE FAMILY OCCUPATION

Siva's followers abide by the tradition of bringing sons and daughters into the family skills, profession or business by involving them from a young age. This is family dharma, family bonding, family perpetuation. Aum.

SŪTRA 147: PROVIDING EARLY SEX EDUCATION

ages four and ten, about the cycles of life and the prin-

TN READING THE SUTRAS, YOU WILL NOTICE I that the majority are addressed to "Siva's followers," "Devotees of Siva," etc. These are applicable to all Saivites. A smaller number of sūtras, addressed to "My followers," are disciplines for those who look to me as their guru. A few sūtras, even more specific, are addressed to members and initiates of my Saiva Siddhanta Church. You will also notice that about one-seventh of the sūtras are addressed



to monastics, and may wonder why they are included here. The answer is that it is important that families understand my expectations for the monastics, and the other way around and that all be continually reminded of the lofty monastic dharma. It is the balance between the monastic community and the family community that stabilizes life in the physical world, in matters of marriage, business, politics, money and health. GURUDEVA

#### SUTRA 148: CHERISHING CHASTITY

tity as a treasure and to save sexual intimacy for their

## SŪTRA 149: RESPONSIBLE CHAPERONING

They chaperone and monitor friendships to help ensure that young ones grow up safe and celibate. Aum. lowing either, they follow dharma. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

#### SŪTRA 150: YOUTH ENTERING MY ŚAIVA CHURCH

My devotees require children to decide before age twenty whether to enter Saiva Siddhanta Church of their own volition or to choose another path. If they go away, they are always welcome back. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  151: BRINGING OTHERS TO THE ŚAIVA PATH

aggressiveness to teach the Śaiva Dharma, inspire and uplift others, bring seekers into their lineage and welcome strayed members back into the Hindu fold. Aum. affluence, they live bountifully in either world. Aum.

SUTRA 152: BRINGING IOY TO THEIR PARENTS

Siva's young adult followers realize they have a debt to their parents for their birth, early raising and education, which they repay with obedience and affection, giving joy, practical assistance and satisfaction. Aum.

SUTRA 153: THE IDEAL YOUTH-PARENT RELATIONSHIP

Siva's followers teach their sons and daughters, between Siva's young adult followers esteem their mother and father. In respecting their parents, they respect themciples of virtue, and when puberty arrives, require them selves and keep the doors open to parental aid and adto take the sacred vow of celibacy until marriage. Aum. vice on the churning sea of adolescent experience. Aum.

#### SUTRA 154: NEVER BENDING TO PEER PRESSURE

Śiva's young followers are taught to protect their chas-Śiva's adolescent followers hold their own among their peers and are leaders. To bend to peer pressure and future spouse. If a premarital affair does occur, a mar- offend the dharma shows weakness of character and riage of the young couple is seriously considered. Aum. parental neglect. Nothing but shame can follow. Aum.

## SŪTRA 155: PATH CHOOSING FOR YOUNG MEN

Siva's followers accept the serious responsibility of Siva's young men followers are free to pursue their guiding the private and social life of their children. born destiny of either renunciation or family life. This choice of two traditional paths is their birthright. Fol-

- \* About Wealth
- ❖ God's Money
- Guidelines for Business

#### SŪTRA 156: TRUE WEALTH

Siva's followers who are adolescents use their youthful Devout Hindus remain dignified in deprivation and humble in prosperity. Knowing that one can be spiritually rich in poverty and spiritually impoverished in SUTRA 157: BUILDING ECONOMIC SECURITY

dwellings suitable to their wealth and are regular and completely honest in paying their tithe and taxes. Aum.

#### SŪTRA 158: RESPONSIBLE MONEY MANAGEMENT

Siva's devotees keep a monthly budget and regulate expenses according to their revenues. They never abuse credit or indulge in extravagant buying, for they know that spending in excess of income invites misery. Aum.

## SUTRA 159: HANDLING MONEY WISELY

Siva's devotees keep a regular monthly and yearly accounting of income and expenses, and accurate records of all transactions. In every business deal, they make offering at Guru Pūrnimā in July-August, thus enabling sure that all parties are benefited and are content. Aum.

SŪTRA 163: TITHING'S MANY BLESSINGS

Śiva's householder devotees strive to own their home Śiva's close devotees delight in the unfailing law that by and save for retirement. They live within their means in tithing freely and wholeheartedly, with a consciousness of plenty, they become receptive to God's blessings and draw to them abundance and happy experiences. Aum.

SUTRA 164: ADHARMIC USES OF MONEY

Siva's close devotees of means utilize their wealth to strengthen their community and their lineage, to support temples, publish books, establish endowments and scholarships, and to sponsor elaborate rituals. Aum.

SŪTRA 165: ANNUAL MONETARY GIFT TO THE SATGURU Siva's close devotees observe the tradition of expressing appreciation to their satguru by giving an annual love

him to help others on the path. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.



Sri Sri Swami Bua Ji Maharaj American Yoga-Vedanta

**L** after the other with stunning simplicity and astonishing brightness like pearls. Defining discipline and touching on theology, they specify ethics showing care for the world; they examine life and death. There are instructions for everybody, for every situation—for men, women, parents, husbands, wives, businessmen, politicians, scientists no one is left out. Some have called these sūtras a modern Tirukural. I would call them a parallel many—transforming this land worthy of living.

THESE 365 NANDINATHA SUTRAS UNFOLD ONE Tirukural—parallel because they convey the same messages in similar formats of aram, porul, veedu and *inbam*, in short precise sentences loaded with essence. The language used is simple, direct and does not need an interpreter. Each sūtra emanates religious fragrance to Saiva followers. This excellent compilation of ethical rules, moral directives, saintly instructions and Godly guidance should reach far and wide and become the proud possession of

## SUTRA 160: ENDOWMENTS AND WILLS

Siva's devotees dutifully save for their future through Hindu Heritage Endowment and prepare a formal, final will and testament, even when young, that provides funds for their family and temple. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 161: one-tenth belongs to siva

Śiva's close devotees take a vow and joyously tithe ten percent of their gross income to their lineage monthly. This is God's money. Using it otherwise is forbidden—a karma reaping loss exceeding all anticipated gain. Aum.

SŪTRA 162: TITHING IS THE FIRST OBLIGATION

My close devotees consider tithing their first expense. My devotees, to safeguard harmony, never borrow or They provide a written reconciliation each April, including with it all unremitted tithing. Those behind in tithing are counseled to help them fulfill the vow. Aum.

#### SUTRA 166: BUSINESS AMONG MEMBERS

My Church members may employ other members, provided payment is made promptly each Friday. They may receive blessings to go into business with one another if their relationships are harmonious and spiritual. Aum.

SUTRA 167: CONTRACTS AND ARBITRATION

My worldly-wise devotees never enter into business transactions without a written contract. In cases of dispute, they avoid courts of law and seek judgment from an arbitration board within their community. Aum.

SUTRA 168: NOT BORROWING OR GIVING CREDIT

lend money among themselves or give credit to one another, even for interest. They may do business together, but only through immediate cash transactions. Aum.

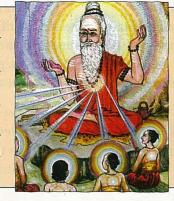
SUTRA 169: TREATMENT OF EMPLOYEES AND SERVANTS

My devotees treat servants and employees honorably, as Siva's devotees conscientiously choose professions that conditions that are safe, healthful and uplifting. Aum. missionaries of a future tranquility yet to be seen. Aum.

SUTRA 174: PURSUING BENEVOLENT VOCATIONS

they would members of their own family, never are helpful and beneficial to all, never destructive, divineglecting or taking advantage of them. They provide sive or exploitive. Yea, they are ministers of the Divine,

THAVE ARTICULATED THESE APHORISMS IN Lclear, simple English so that they can easily be translated and unambiguously understood. However, obscurities do arise with the interpretation and application of even basic, straightforward precepts, and this will also happen with these sūtras. They shall be upheld, enforced and simply explained by my āchāryas and swāmīs, by senior sādhakas and by elders. But all final interpretations and de-



ductions, clarifications of apparent contradictions, settling of disputes and unraveling of subtle questions shall be made only by myself and my ādi āchāryas of our Śaiva Siddhānta Yoga Order. These four āchāryas are duly ordained and authorized to give interpretations of these sūtras. While I live, my word shall be absolutely final. Future satgurus of our lineage, will progress the understanding of these precepts from century to century. GURUDEVA

#### SUTRA 170: BORROWING FROM OTHERS

temple. They may borrow belongings from other devotees, provided objects are returned within twenty-four hours after the purpose is fulfilled. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

- Politics and Vocation
- \* Edicts for Parliamentarians
- Edicts for Scientists

SUTRA 171: SERVING COMMUNITY AND COUNTRY

Siva's devotees are patriotic to their nation and concerned about ecology. They strive to give to, advance, support and defend their community and country, never living as outsiders or as predators upon them. Aum.

SUTRA 172: ENTERING POLITICS

Siva's devotees who qualify may, with vigor and indomitable will, enter into politics, overcome opposition and rise to the top to shower good fortune, peace, justice, interracial harmony and care on all people. Aum.

SUTRA 173: RULES FOR POLITICAL ACTIVISM

Siva's devotees freely pursue the politics of their choice, but never subscribe to doctrines that advocate violent revolution or deny religion. My followers do not organize among themselves for political purposes. Aum. possible, then seek for the highest next position. Aum.

SUTRA 175: MIGRATING FOR SPIRITUAL SECURITY

My wise devotees never borrow from a monastery or In the event of famine, invasion, tyranny or extreme conditions threatening wealth or life, my devotees may migrate to a place free of harassment where their spiritual life can continue unhindered. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SŪTRA 176: MAINTAINING FAIRNESS AND INTEGRITY

Siva's devotees who are parliamentarians live in full conformity with the sacred scriptures, extend protection to all the people as they would to their own children and never bend to bribery, graft or corruption. Aum.

SUTRA 177: PROMOTING SPIRITUAL VALUES

Śiva's devotees who are parliamentarians take pains to spread lofty religious tenets and tolerant human values among their constituents. They commission competent people who will enhance all the great world faiths. Aum.

SUTRA 178: JUSTICE AND IMPARTIALITY

Śiva's devotees who are parliamentarians have as their platform justice for all and enmity toward none. They know that to show favoritism for one group over another is to sow the seeds of their own downfall. Aum.

SUTRA 179: POLITICAL PERSEVERANCE

Siva's devotees who are parliamentarians face and work through each challenge that comes and are never forced to abdicate. They maintain their office for as long as SUTRA 180: NURTURING ALL FAITHS EQUALLY

Siva's devotees who are parliamentarians grant equal boons to each spiritual sect under their aegis as if it were their own. They know a society is only as free as the freedom enjoyed by its minorities. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SUTRA 181: KEEPING SCIENCE ETHICAL

Siva's devotees who are scientists are protectors of humanity and stewards of the Earth. They must never compromise their ethics for financial rewards or release inventions before proven safe and beneficial. Aum.

SŪTRA 182: HARNESSING SCIENCE WITH RELIGION

Siva's devotees who are scientifically and alchemistically inclined naturally approach each investigation in awe, consider themselves servants of the Divine and subjugate themselves to the guidance of their preceptor. Aum.

SUTRA 183: NONINJURIOUS SCIENCE

Śiva's devotees who are scientists or medical researchers refuse to participate in product testing that is harmful to the subject. They are forbidden to take part in any enterprise that promotes death or destruction. Aum.



THERE IS NOW AN URGENT NEED 1 to preserve and practice the Hindu culture, which has displayed resilience and an ability to survive many of the ravages of modern society. It is not only Hindus, but all seekers of wisdom, truth and knowledge living in different parts of the world, who will be inspired and guided by this remarkable masterpiece.

SUTRA 184: GUARDIANS OF EARTH AND HER PEOPLE Siva's devotees who are scientists concentrate their energies on bettering the world, conserving its resources and enabling humans to live in harmony with nature and

one another. They are noble examples to mankind. Aum.

SUTRA 185: PROTECTING SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERIES

Śiva's devotees who are scientists must resist the urge to share everything they discover. Certain knowledge has proven dangerous and hurtful to mankind, especially in the hands of the unscrupulous. Aum Namah Śivāya. SECTION FOUR

## **Personal Life**

An aspirant reads from the ancient scriptures of his lineage and chants on his holy rudrāksha beads as part of a daily sādhana. Lord Ganeśa hovers nearby, holding his noose in one hand and blessing the seeker's inner efforts with his other hand, held in the "fear not" abhava mudrā.



- \* Diet and Food
- \* Health and Exercise
- \* Tobacco, Drugs and Alcohol

SUTRA 186: THE AYURVEDIC VEGETARIAN DIET

Siva's devotees cook and eat in the balanced, varied, vegetarian, Indian āyurvedic manner, enjoying healthy, unprocessed, freshly cooked foods. Occasionally, they may partake of cuisine from other world cultures. Aum.

## SŪTRA 187: MEALTIME TRADITIONS

Siva's devotees eat with their fingers to energize food. They chew well and include the six tastes daily (sweet, salty, sour, pungent, bitter and astringent) and a balance of protein and carbohydrates at all meals. Aum.

SUTRA 188: GOOD EATING HABITS

Siva's devotees adhere to the *āyurvedic* principles of eating at regular times, only when hungry, always seated, at a moderate pace; never between meals, in a disturbed atmosphere or when angry or emotionally upset. Aum.

SŪTRA 189: UNFANATICAL VEGETARIANISM

Siva's devotees are forbidden to eat meat, fish, shellfish, fowl or eggs, but they may regard as regrettable exceptions unseen traces of nonfleshy ingredients, such as eggs and gelatin, in packaged or restaurant foods. Aum.

SUTRA 190: GOOD FOOD FOR GOOD HEALTH

Siva's devotees know that a good diet is the best medicine. They drink two liters of water daily, minimize fried foods and avoid junk foods, white rice, white flour, processed sugar and degraded oils. Aum Namah Śivāya.

#### SŪTRA 191: NOT EATING TOO MUCH

Śiva's devotees eat in moderation. Meals seldom exceed Śiva's devotees are forbidden to use drugs of abuse, such persists, another handful may be taken. Eating right extends life and maintains higher consciousness. Aum.

#### SUTRA 192: FASTING FOR HEALTH AND PENANCE

herb teas or fruit juices each Friday or twice a month on pradosha. Longer fasting, such as a festival penance, is done only with the *guru's* or a doctor's sanction. Aum.

SŪTRA 193: CHOOSING APPROPRIATE HEALING ARTS Siva's devotees know wellness is balance. If the imbalance called illness occurs, they apply self-healing, then resort as needed to such arts as *āyurveda*, acupuncture, chiropractic, allopathy, *prāṇic* healing or massage. Aum.



what two hands cupped together can hold. If hunger as cocaine, heroin, amphetamines, barbiturates, psychedelics and marijuana, unless prescribed by a licensed physician. They know their devastating effects. Aum.

## SUTRA 198: CHILDREN SAY NO TO DRUGS

Śiva's devotees may fast for twenty-four hours on water, Śiva's devotees educate their children to say no to any and all known or unknown illicit drugs offered to them, whether by friends or strangers. Pure and well informed by caring parents, children avoid these dangers. Aum.

## SUTRA 199: CHEMICAL CHAOS

Siva's devotees know that drugs may awaken simultaneously the chakra of divine love and those of fear, confusion and malice, producing vast mood swings and a stunted intellect. They dread this chemical chaos. Aum.



T A TIME WHEN WE ARE FACING A GLOBAL FAIL-Aure of the traditional family unit and find ourselves at a loss in coping with the by-products of such a failure, this book emerges as a breath of fresh air, reminding us of our rich cultural heritage. Here is a book that is waiting to embrace into its fold millions of Hindus who are waiting to be converted into true Hindus. It is a reflection on the fundamentals of Hinduism, the religion which, like the sun, is ever ancient and ever new.

#### SUTRA 194: WEARING THE BODY LIKE A SANDAL

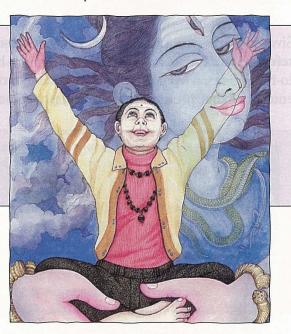
Śiva's devotees do not indulge in inordinate concerns about food, undue physical worries or extensive personal health studies other than ayurveda. They avoid extreme diets, except under medical supervision. Aum.

#### SUTRA 195: EXERCISING DAILY

brisk walking, swimming, dancing, salutations to the sun, *haṭha yoga* and vigorous work. Aum Namah Śivāya.

#### SUTRA 196: FORBIDDING TOBACCO

inhale snuff. They know nicotine's deadly, addictive power and value health and longevity as primary to fulfilling good karmas and serving the community. Aum. for these are wholesome when properly enjoyed. Aum.



SUTRA 200: THE DEMONIC DRUG CULTURE

Siva's devotees keep strong and healthy by exercising at Siva's devotees stand against drugs and never mix with least one half hour each day through such activities as those who use them or listen to talk extolling them. The drug culture and its demonic music erode the very fabric of human character and culture. Aum Namah Śivāya.

#### SUTRA 201: MODERATION WITH ALCOHOL

Śiva's devotees are forbidden to smoke, chew tobacco or All strong and intoxicating distilled alcohols are forbidden to Śiva's devotees. They may moderately partake of the family of wines and beers, including honey mead,

SUTRA 202: NOT DRINKING ALONE OR WHEN UPSET

stress. When one is emotionally unstable, alcohol in-

#### SUTRA 207: TWO PSYCHOLOGICAL JUNCTURES

Even in moderation, Siva's devotees do not drink alcohol Siva's ardent souls recognize that the natural human life in solitude, when depressed, angry or under extreme span is 120 years. They confidently plan ahead at each 40-year juncture. Elders counsel, as needed, persons in hibits the ability to confront and solve problems. Aum. life transitions, around 40 and 80 years of age. Aum.



THIS WORK IS MEDICINE FOR A SICK AND DISeased world where the darkness of *māyā* has led many people away from God. God consciousness cannot be explained in words but must be uncovered inside oneself by oneself. Gurudeva explains how to remove the  $m\bar{a}y\bar{a}$  of the world and conditioning of the mind like peeling the layers off an onion. Gurudeva shows the path that must be walked. It is a path that must be walked alone, although we can take great reassurance he is always

with us like a divine guide pointing in the right direction and offering advice and encouragement. All seekers are urged to join us on this great journey. The road is tough and full of dangers and pitfalls, but once on it we must follow it to the end. It is so reassuring Gurudeva is here to provide the much needed religious insight in our technologically advanced and ever-changing world. He is like a shining diamond spreading his divine wisdom to all corners of the world.

#### SUTRA 203: MONITORING DRINKING AMONG PEERS

Siva's devotees gently enforce temperance among peers Siva's ardent souls grow old gracefully, without fear, whenever necessary. They know that those unable to knowing that the soul is immortal and the mental body observe moderation may have to abstain entirely and restrict themselves to nonalcoholic beverages. Aum. as do the emotions, if regulated stage by stage. Aum.

#### SUTRA 204: WOMEN DO NOT DRINK IN PUBLIC

All Hindu women, respecting customs of decorum and Siva's ardent souls intensify religious disciplines after demureness, refrain from drinking alcohol in public. During pregnancy, they abstain completely to protect the health and well-being of their unborn child. Aum.

#### SUTRA 205: TOTAL ABSTINENCE FOR SOME

Siva's devotees know that if, despite the help of peers or elders, alcohol becomes a spiritual obstacle or a burden to family or community, the preceptor is duty-bound to deny the privilege altogether. Aum Namah Śivāya.

- \* The Four Stages of Life
- \* Approaching Death
- ❖ Death's Aftermath

#### SUTRA 206: LIFE'S FOUR SEASONS

Śiva's ardent souls honor and conscientiously fulfill the duties of each of life's four progressive stages of dharma: student (age 12-24), householder (24-48), respected elder (48–72) and religious solitaire after age 72. Aum.

#### SUTRA 208: AGING WITH DIGNITY

does not age, but becomes stronger and more mature,

#### SUTRA 209: SELFLESS DUTIES AFTER RETIREMENT

retirement, give guidance to younger generations, teach, encourage, uplift, serve the community in various ways and support endowments to educate the young. Aum.

#### SŪTRA 210: RENUNCIATION AFTER AGE 72

Śiva's unmarried men and widowers may renounce the world after age 72, severing all ties with their community and living as unordained, self-declared sannyāsins among the holy monks of India. Aum Namah Śivāya.

## $s\overline{u}$ tra 211: facing the past to prepare for death

Siva's devotees give spiritual counseling to the terminally ill who are blessed with the knowledge of death's approach, showing ways to resolve the past so that Śiva consciousness is their bridge during transition. Aum.

#### SUTRA 212: FORGIVING AND SEEKING FORGIVENESS

Śiva's devotees facing death perform vāsanā daha tantra, reconcile with and seek forgiveness from anyone they have offended, lest they leave unresolved kukarmas to go to seed and bear bitter fruit in future births. Aum.

SUTRA 213: DRAWING WITHIN, RELEASING THE WORLD Siva's devotees who are dving concentrate on their mantra and find solace in the holy Vedic teachings on the soul's immortality, ever seeking the highest realizations as they consciously, joyously release the world. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 214: seeking a natural death at home Siva's devotees welcome life-saving medical interventions, but in their last days avoid heroic, artificial perpetuation of life and prefer not to die in a hospital but at home with loved ones, who keep prayerful vigil. Aum.

SUTRA 215: THE MOMENT OF GRAND DEPARTURE Siva's devotees strive at the moment of death to depart the body through the crown chakra and consciously enter the clear white light and beyond. A perfect transition culminates in God realization. Aum Namah Śivāya.

SUTRA 216: CREMATION AND DISPERSAL OF ASHES Devout Hindus always cremate their dead. Burial is forbidden by tradition. Embalming is never permitted, and no autopsy is performed unless required by law. Ashes are ceremoniously committed to a river or ocean. Aum.

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  217: THE MYSTICAL BENEFIT OF CREMATION 24 hours. The fire and accompanying rites sever ties to earthly life and give momentum to the soul, granting at least momentary access to superconscious realms. Aum.

SUTRA 218: FUNERAL RITES AND REMEMBRANCES for funeral rites in the home. They prepare the body deceased's picture is honored, and food is offered. Aum.

SUTRA 219: MEMORIAL RITES FOR THE DEPARTED memorial on the thirty-first day after the transition and but is most apparent in the enlightened master. Thus, again one year later, cleaning the home and making food offerings to ancestors and to the departed. Aum. not worship anyone as an incarnation of Siva. Aum.

SUTRA 220: IOYFULLY RELEASING THE DEPARTED suffer undue or prolonged sorrow for the departed, lest they bind these souls to Earth. They rejoice in the continuing journey of loved ones. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya. own satguru. This is the tradition. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

## SECTION FIVE

# **Spiritual Interaction**

A child's first gurus are his parents, whose feet he touches in respect. Later he will find a satguru, a teacher of Sanātana Dharma, to guide him spiritually. Great gurus receive inspiration—shown by the ray of light—from Lord Śiva, seen as Dakshinamūrti beneath a Himalayan banyan.



- \* Respect for Saints and Dignitaries
- Social Injunctions
- ❖ Interfaith Harmony & Alien Influences

SUTRA 221: GREETING THE GURU AND HIS MONASTICS

All Śiva's devotees prostrate before their satguru, reverently touch the feet of his āchāryas and swāmīs, and greet yogīs and sādhakas with their palms pressed together and head slightly bowed. This is tradition. Aum.

#### SŪTRA 222: HOSTING A VISITING SWĀMĪ

Śiva's devotees arrange swift cremation, ideally within Hearing of a venerated swāmī's arrival, Śiva's devotees joyously rush to the outskirts of town to welcome him. On his departure, they accompany him there and, with gifts, money and good wishes, bid him farewell. Aum.

## SUTRA 223: VENERATING WORTHY LEADERS

At the death of a Siva devotee, family and friends gather Devout Hindus honor a satguru, a head of state, a respected elder, a learned scholar, a renunciate or ascetic and arrange for cremation. On the seventh day, the of any lineage. Upon his entrance, they stand, rush forward, bow appropriately and offer kind words. Aum.

SŪTRA 224: ŚIVA IS MOST EASILY SEEN IN THE SATGURU Family and friends of a deceased Siva devotee hold a Siva's devotees know that God exists equally in all souls they revere their own satguru as Siva Himself, but do

SUTRA 225: TOUCHING THE FEET OF HOLY ONES

Knowing that the soul is deathless, Siva's devotees never Sincere Siva devotees never fail to bow down or gently touch the feet of a satguru or holy person of any order dressed in monastic robes. They prostrate only to their

#### SUTRA 226: RESTRAINING GESTURES OF AFFECTION

All Siva's adult devotees refrain from touching adolescents or adults of the opposite sex, other than near relatives or older persons. They do not embrace or shake hands except when required by social etiquette. Aum.

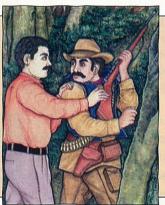
#### SUTRA 227: MODESTY BETWEEN GENDERS

All Śiva's devotees who are no longer children remain apart from the opposite sex when attending temples and public gatherings. Upon entering, women always sit on the left side, and men occupy the right side. Aum.

SUTRA 228: GUIDELINES FOR GARLANDING OTHERS

Devotees of Siva do not garland members of the opposite sex, other than their spouse or blood relatives. Women never garland a swāmī, yogī or sādhaka, but dedicated to building whenever necessary, and keeping may freely and lovingly garland their own satguru. Aum. strong always, an invincible Hindu solidarity. Aum.

WITHIN THESE  $s\bar{v}$ TRAS ARE RESTRAINTS, encouragement and admonitions. There is much nourishment here for the intelligent soul who is pushing forward into peace and tranquility, having conquered the trials and tribulations of the vesterdays, and is now willing to bear his or her karma cheerfully and push onward. To my ardent devotees, I say, study these sūtras and adjust your life accordingly. Be unwavering in your com-



 $S\overline{U}TRA$  232: NOT DEMEANING OTHER SECTS OR RELIGIONS Siva's devotees do not speak disrespectfully about other Hindu lineages, their beliefs, Gods, sacred sites, scriptures, or holy men and women. Nor do they disparage other religions. They refuse to listen to such talk. Aum.

SUTRA 233: RESTRAINING INVOLVEMENT WITH OTHER FAITHS Siva's devotees avoid the enchantment of other ways, be they ancient or modern. They remain friendly toward but apart from other religions, except when their members sincerely approach Hinduism for its wisdom. Aum.

SUTRA 234: MAINTAINING A HINDU SOLIDARITY Siva's devotees know that for eons our religion has come forward to recreate a Hindu unity. Therefore, they are

> mitment. You know the rightness of these guidelines for good conduct in your heart of hearts, soul of soul. Your inner ear hears and your inner eve sees the truth of each one. To adjust your life to their wisdom is the discipline toward being able to come close to and then truly dance, live and merge with Siva. In applying these principles, remember above all, the only rigid rule is wisdom, for wisdom is the timely application of knowledge. GURUDEVA

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  229: FAMILY RETREAT AFTER A BIRTH OR DEATH

Śiva's devotees observe a thirty-one-day retreat after the Śiva's devotees, with hearts as big as the sky, love and birth or death of a family member, not entering temples or home shrines, not attending  $p\bar{u}j\bar{a}$  or religious events, but continuing their *japa*, study and meditations. Aum.

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  230: CASTING ASIDE THE CASTE SYSTEM

Siva's devotees are forbidden to perpetuate the restrictions and abuses of the Indian caste system. Instead, they base respect and status on attainment, knowledge, behavior and spiritual maturity. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SUTRA 231: INTERACTING WITH OTHER FAITHS

persons of all religious traditions. They may support and participate in interfaith gatherings from time to time with leaders and members of all religions. Aum. SUTRA 235: HARMONY BETWEEN DENOMINATIONS

accept Smārta, Śākta and Vaishņava Hindus as brothers and sisters, even if not accepted by them, and keep harmony by not discussing differences. Aum Namah Śivāya.

SUTRA 236: SAFEGUARDING ONE'S BELIEFS

Śiva's devotees, one-pointed in striving on their chosen path, do not join or study with any esoteric, religious, secular humanist, atheist, existentialist or self-improvement group that might undermine their beliefs. Aum.

SUTRA 237: DEALING WITH DETRACTORS

Siva's devotees properly respect and address virtuous Siva's devotees never listen to talk intended to deter them from their commitment, devotion or duty unless willing and able to turn the detractor's mind around by debating the truths of the Saivite Hindu religion. Aum.



SUTRA 238: NOT SENDING YOUTH TO OTHER FAITHS' SCHOOLS Siva's devotees never educate their children in institutions that would instill or force on them the teachings of alien religions. They know that the early impressions of youth go deep and can never be totally erased. Aum.

SUTRA 239: KEEPING GOOD, RELIGIOUS COMPANY

Hindus, or with anyone who would infiltrate, dilute and destroy their faith. They associate closely with devout people whose beliefs are similar to their own. Aum. the whole world is served and *dharma* is fulfilled. Aum.

SUTRA 243: SEEKING INNER UNITY WITH THE SATGURU Siva's devotees meditate each morning upon their satguru's inner form, striving earnestly to know his temperament, the contents of his heart and his essential nature, which is eternal, peaceful and unattached. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 244: Blessings from and service to the satguru Siva's devotees do not mix with dogmatic or militant Siva's devotees hasten to receive their satguru's food leavings and the sanctified waters from his holy feet or sandals. They know that in serving the enlightened master,



URUDEVA'S BENEFICENT VOICE OF UNIVERSAL Truth unearths and reintroduces the Hindu dharmas for living in awareness, integrity and joy. Living with Siva demonstrates everyday-life ways that help us to become conscious of negative habits, and provides us with the means to recognize, acknowledge and rid toxic thoughts and harmful activities from our lives. This guidebook is a masterful blueprint for reclaiming physical, emotional and spiritual health.

SUTRA 240: TRUTH IN THE PALM OF THEIR HAND

My devotees know that everything they need to fulfill their quest for liberation is found in our consummate Nandinātha Sampradāya. With the final conclusions in their grasp, they look no further. Aum Namah Śivāya.

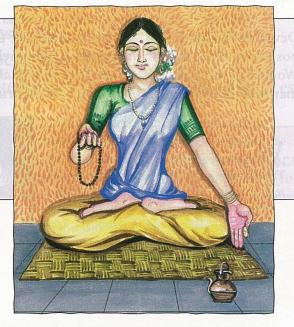
- ❖ Devotion to the Satguru
- \* Working with the Satguru
- ❖ In the Satguru's Presence

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  241: PROTOCOLS FOR HONORING THE SATGURU

Siva's devotees daily offer fruit or flowers in love and prostrate before their satguru, or to his sandals or the direction in which he abides. They chant the Guru Mantra when approaching any satguru for darśana. Aum.

SŪTRA 242: THE SATGURU AND ŚIVA ARE ONE

both, making no distinction between the two. So live His truest devotees. This is pure Saiva tradition. Aum. advise others how to manipulate his decisions. Aum.



SŪTRA 245: SEEKING SATGURU DARŚANA AND INITIATION Siva's devotees emulate the awakened qualities they see in their satguru, seek initiation and daily strive to fathom his realization of Paraśiva, which is his priceless gift, attainable by no other means. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SŪTRA 246: NURTURING THE GURU-ŚISHYA RELATIONSHIP Siva's devotees seek their satguru's blessings, act in harmony with his will, trust in his supreme wisdom, seek refuge in his grace and rush forward to rededicate themselves each year during the month of the guru. Aum.

SUTRA 247: OBEY YOUR GURU, OBEY YOUR GURU...

Śiva's devotees look upon their satguru as the embodi-Śiva's devotees obey their satguru, carrying out his direcment of Siva, offering service and reverence equally to tions, expressed or implied, with intelligent cooperation, without delay. They keep no secrets from him, nor SUTRA 248: ... OBEY YOUR GURU

THE NANDINĀTHA SŪTRAS

Śiva's devotees trustingly heed their satguru's counsel without even subtly attempting to change his mind. If he declines to give blessings for an endeavor, they accept that as his blessing and proceed no further. Aum.

 $s\overline{\upsilon}\text{tra}$  249: Seeking sanction for severe austerities Śiva's devotees regularly perform spiritual practices on their own, but undertake serious penance and rigorous austerities only with their satguru's express permission, guidance, empowerment and spiritual protection. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 250: customs for receiving the satguru Siva's devotees, upon the satguru's entrance or arrival, cease worldly activity and conversation. They rise, rush forward to greet him, offer him a seat of honor and expectantly await his instructions. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SUTRA 251: NEVER CRITICIZING OR CONTENDING Śiva's devotees are forbidden by tradition to criticize their satguru, even behind his back, or to argue with him, contradict or correct him. They may, however, request clarification and offer additional information. Aum.

SUTRA 252: SHOWING RESPECT TO THE PRECEPTOR Śiva's devotees never stand or sit above their satguru, walk or drive ahead of him, take a place of authority or instruct others in his presence unless invited. All Hindus are sensitive in a guru's lofty company. Aum.

SUTRA 253: UNSEEMLY BEHAVIORS TO AVOID Śiva's devotees never utter words of falsehood or con- My Church honors our maṭhavāsis as its official priesttempt before their satguru. Nor do they deceive him, address him as an equal, imitate his dress or deportment or speak excessively or pridefully in his presence. Aum.

SUTRA 254: HONORING THE SATGURU'S PRESENCE When with the satguru, devotees do not initiate con- My devotees perpetuate in our temples the architecture versation or ask questions unless he gives permission. If he prefers silence, silence is the message, the pure nectar from the deep well of his ineffable attainment. Aum.

SUTRA 255: NO TOLERANCE FOR SLANDER

Śiva's devotees never listen to criticism of their satguru. My devotees worship at their home shrines, dhar-If slander is heard, they extol the guru and warn the trespasser of his encroachment. If he persists in ignorance, they leave in eloquent silence. Aum Namah Śivāya.

SECTION SIX

# **Religious Culture**

A contemporary priest, complete with t-shirt, performs aratī to our global and cosmic God, indicated by Earth and stars. Lord Ganeśa's reality is shown by the mūrtī's transformation from inanimate bronze at the bottom to living flesh at the top



- \* Temples and Priesthood
- Weekly Gatherings
- New Members

SUTRA 256: OUR HOLY GATHERING PLACES

My devotees revere Kauai Aadheenam's San Marga Iraivan Temple as their center of the universe, our Saiva dharmaśālas as sites of learning and service, and mission houses as places of study, worship and assembly. Aum.

SUTRA 257: FOUR VEHICLES OF SERVICE

My devotees give full energy and dedication to Saiva Siddhanta Church, Himalayan Academy, HINDUISM To-DAY and Hindu Heritage Endowment. These four form a mighty, unified force for Sanātana Dharma. Aum.

SUTRA 258: OUR SACRED PRIESTS

hood. For samskāras and special festivals we may engage closely devoted Tamil priests, as well as hereditary Śivāchāryas, who preside at all temple consecrations. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 259: the vedic science of temple building

set forth in the Saiva Agamas and Vāstu Sāstras, and exemplified in the sanctuaries of South India, to create holy places where even the stones have sanctity. Aum.

SUTRA 260: APPROPRIATE PLACES OF WORSHIP

maśālas, Kauai Aadheenam and all Śaivite temples. They do not attend temples of other denominations except on pilgrimage or as required socially. Aum Namah Śivāya.

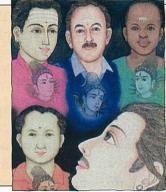
SUTRA 261: THE IMPORTANCE OF FAMILY MISSIONS

My congregation is organized into local missions to nurture religious life through shared worship, extended family gatherings, sacraments and community service, in accordance with the Saiva Dharma Sāstras. Aum.

SUTRA 262: CONNECTING WITH THE INNER WORLDS

My devotees rush to family gatherings for bhajana, havana satsanga and fellowship, to worship devoutly and sing loudly in praise of God, Gods and guru. They attend Saivite temples weekly and during festivals. Aum.

TOST PEOPLE THINK OF THEMSELVES AS Mremote from God, but the highest souls are living with Him every day, no matter what they are doing. They are living with God, whom we call Siva, while working, while driving or performing ordinary chores. Siva is, for these remarkable devotees, closer than their breath, nearer than their hands and feet. This is the true spiritual life, which recognizes that there is nothing that is not



Śiva. Living with Śiva is Śiva consciousness. The reconciled past releases consciousness into the eternal moment in which we see Siva as the life and light within everyone's eyes. Living with Siva is living with everyone—every reptile, fish, fowl, animal and creature, to the very smallest-in a consciousness of the one life force within all of them that sustains this perfect universe. Truly, God Siva is everywhere. He is All and in all. GURUDEVA

SUTRA 263: EXPRESSING DEVOTION WITH SONG

our Śaiva Church hymnal, primarily Sage Yogaswami's Natchintanai. When with devotees of other sects, they enthusiastically join in their devotional songs. Aum.

SUTRA 264: DECISION-MAKING BY CONSENSUS

My devotees abide by "consensualocracy." All involved in a decision must unanimously agree and obtain the guru's blessings before proceeding. No votes are taken based on the majority superceding the minority. Aum.

SUTRA 265: EDICTS FROM THE SEAT OF AUTHORITY

My devotees never apply the principle of unanimous agreement to sovereign edicts issued from Kauai Aadheenam's seat of power. Such proclamations are the uncontestable law of the satguru. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SUTRA 266: SHARING THE TEACHINGS WITH OTHERS

All my devotees reach out for new members by enthusiastically printing and distributing Hindu literature and putting sacred texts of our lineage into libraries, bookstores and educational institutions worldwide. Aum.

SUTRA 269: THE PROBATIONARY FIRST YEAR

SUTRA 267: AN ELITE AND STEADFAST ASSOCIATION

All within my Saiva Siddhanta Church are stalwart and

dedicated. Not one is half-hearted or equivocal. Each is

a jewel, important to me and to each other. Thus, strict-

ness is necessary when accepting new members. Aum.

SUTRA 268: EMBRACING NEWCOMERS

All within my Saiva Siddhanta Church accept new-

comers as part of their own family. They care for, teach,

gently guide and prepare these souls for their first in-

itiation. Yea, they too were once new members. Aum.

At gatherings among themselves, my devotees sing from All within my Saiva Church who sponsor new members are responsible for their strengths and failures during the probationary year, their study for initiation and their merger with others as milk poured into milk. Aum.

SUTRA 270: THE QUEST FOR MONASTIC CANDIDATES

All my devotees search for souls ripe to enter the monastery, realizing that the core of my Saiva Church is its Śaiva Siddhānta Yoga Order, and many old souls are being born to perpetuate our lineage. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

- ❖ Coming Home to Śaivism
- \* Detractors and Adversaries
- \* Raising Sons for the Monastery

SŪTRA 271: REACHING OUT TO ŚAIVITE SOULS

My ardent devotees relentlessly search for Saivite souls, finding them, drawing them to Siva and their satguru and, when necessary, helping them convert to Saivism from the faiths or philosophies they have rejected. Aum.

SUTRA 272: SPECIAL ATTENTION TO ARDHA-HINDUS

verted, bear a Hindu first name. Gently they assist them through a full and ethical conversion from any and all former faiths, then accept them wholeheartedly. Aum.

SUTRA 273: SEVERING FORMER RELIGIOUS TIES

My ardent devotees of other religions or lineages who My devotees extend every effort to welcome and bring seek to enter my Śaiva Church must, with authorized guidance, formally sever all loyalties by talking with former preceptors and gaining a written release. Aum.

SŪTRA 274: CONVERSION FROM OTHER HINDU SECTS

My ardent devotees affirm that even seekers from with- My devotees know that any monastic who abandons in the Hindu fold must convert to enter our strict Saiva his sacred vows and leaves the monastery or is dismissed Church. All former commitments and memberships should be shunned and treated as an outsider until he must be dissolved before new ones can be made. Aum. rights himself with his preceptor. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SŪTRA 275: THE TRANSFORMATION CALLED CONVERSION

My ardent devotees well know that *conversion* means a Each Saiva Siddhanta Church family prays to birth a change of one belief structure into another and is never—son for the monastery. Prior to conception, parents mix without some degree of fire and pain. Counseling is necessary in this soul-searching time. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SUTRA 278: WHEN TO STOP SHUNNING

My ardent devotees reach out to seekers who, half-con- My devotees who refuse to shun those who should be shunned should themselves be shunned. But none shall shun those who have reconciled with the preceptor and been publicly welcomed back into association. Aum.

SUTRA 279: WELCOMING BACK THOSE WHO RECONCILE

back into the lineage those seeking to reenter its fold, having formerly left, provided they show grief, remorse and repentance, and reconcile with the satguru. Aum.

SUTRA 280: WITHDRAWING FROM ERRANT MONASTICS

SŪTRA 281: CONCEIVING SONS FOR THE MONASTERY

with the swāmīs and beseech the Gods to bring through a divine soul destined to perpetuate our lineage. Aum.



Uneglects worldly duties is callous, and worldly life that neglects spiritual values is blind. In the corrected. ¶Human beings become entangled in materialism under conditions of ignorance. Exclusive materialistic endeavors frequently make people aggressive, arrogant, selfish, violent and miserable. The author points out that spiritual nature illumines the intellect and dispels ignorance. Living in

TURUDEVA SHOWS THAT SPIRITUAL LIFE THAT divine consciousness releases spiritual values such as love, compassion, service and abiding happiness, which uplift life and bring all peoples together. process, many misconceptions about Hinduism are This is a significant publication; it is not merely informative, but also transformative. While it continues to strengthen Sivasambandham in the spirit of the ancient Tirukural, it is also of ecumenical and contemporary interest. For anyone interested in improving the quality of life, it can serve as a valuable moral and spiritual guide on a daily basis.

SUTRA 276: SHUNNING ENEMIES

who oppose, criticize or attack their lineage. By not thus protect their lineage as well as themselves. Aum.

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  277: THE MEANING OF SHUNNING

ance, exclusion, ignoring and ostracizing. Thus a firm, protective wall of silence is built between our lineage and its detractors, whether individuals or groups. Aum. SUTRA 282: NURTURING MONASTIC INCLINATIONS

My devotees abide by the custom of shunning those My devotees with sons inclined toward monastic life wholeheartedly encourage these noble aspirations. Fainteracting with detractors, they forestall conflict and thers and young sons live as monastery guests periodically to nurture monastic patterns and tendencies. Aum.

SUTRA 283: SATGURU GUIDES THE LIFE OF DEDICATED SONS

My devotees realize that shunning means tactful avoid- My devotees regard any son destined for the monastery not as their own child, but as the satguru's progeny in their trusted care. All details of his upbringing, training and education are to be guided by the preceptor. Aum. SUTRA 284: PARENTS OF MONASTICS EXPECT NO PRIVILEGES

My devotees with a monastic son never claim special All my devotees revere as sacred scripture the songs and access or privileges based on blood ties. They dissociate from him and do not involve themselves in his life or seek to influence our Saiva Church through him. Aum.

SUTRA 285: SERVING TWO YEARS IN THE MONASTERY

tering my monastery for two years to serve, study and grow in character as they live the monk's selfless life. This is the ideal for all young men. Aum Namah Śivāya.

- Sacred Scriptures
- \* Temple Worship
- \* Symbols, Mantras and Names

SUTRA 286: OUR SCRIPTURAL BEDROCK, VEDAS AND ĀGAMAS

All my devotees recognize that the primary scriptural authority of our Nandinātha lineage derives from the Śaiva Āgamas and the four noble Vedas, which include the *Upanishads*. Ours is a Vedic-Āgamic tradition. Aum.



Cevlon Saivites Association. Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

TT IS ONLY THROUGH SOUND KNOWL-Ledge of Sanātana Dharma that the community can insulate itself from the onslaught of new-fangled practices that only cater to the base instincts and would attract many rebirths to atone for the bad karmas thus accumulated. Living with Siva is for daily use during prayers—a lesson a day would keep bad karmas at bay.

SŪTRA 287: OUR ŚAIVITE HINDU BIBLE

Saivite Hindu Religion—which includes excerpts from the Vedas, the Agamas, Tirumantiram, Tirumurai and Tirukural—and guide their lives by its wisdom. Aum.

SUTRA 288: THE TEACHINGS OF PRISTINE TAMIL SAINTS

great ones who upheld dharma, ahimsā and monistic Śaiva Siddhānta through the ages. We revere their words as scripture and bestow our heartfelt praṇāmas. Aum. SŪTRA 289: SAGE YOGASWAMI'S PROFOUND HYMNS

sayings of Satguru Siva Yogaswami, called Natchintanai, which embody the teachings of our lineage, commanding one and all to "Know thy Self by thy self." Aum.

SUTRA 290: MY TRILOGY AND OTHER LEGACY WORKS

My family devotees raise their sons to be worthy of en- All my devotees revere as sacred scripture Dancing with Śiva, Living with Śiva, Merging with Śiva, Lemurian Scrolls and my other authorized texts and discourses, including Śaiva Dharma Śāstras. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  291: THE DEDICATED HOME SHRINE ROOM

All my devotees must have an absolutely breathtaking home shrine, used solely for meditation and worship of Śivalinga, Nataraja, Murugan, Ganeśa and the satguru's tiruvadi. This is the home's most beautiful room. Aum.

SUTRA 292: AUTHORIZATION TO PERFORM WORSHIP RITES

My initiated devotees perform the Śaiva ātmārtha pūjā, but only in home shrines, not in temples. Unless formally, traditionally authorized, they are prohibited to learn, teach or perform the parārtha temple pūjā. Aum.

SŪTRA 293: LIVING NEAR ŚAIVA TEMPLES

My devotees wisely settle in areas where Ganeśa, Murugan or Siva temples exist for their frequent pilgrimage, worship and spiritual security. None should live farther than a day's journey from such sacred sanctuaries. Aum.

SŪTRA 294: PILGRIMAGE TO ŚIVA'S SPECIAL ABODES

My devotees hold as most sacred and pilgrimage to each at least once: Śiva's San Mārga Iraivan Temple on Kauai, His Himālayan and Gangetic abodes, His five elemental temples and the Madurai Meenakshi citadel. Aum.

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  295: VISITING SHRINES TO GODS AND GURUS

All my devotees revere as scripture *The Holy Bible of the* My devotees all revere and pilgrimage to Nallur and Murugan's six South Indian temples, Ganesa's many temples and shrines, especially Kumbhalavalai, and the samādhi shrines of our lineage. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SUTRA 296: WEARING THE EMBLEMS OF SAIVISM

My Hindu Church decrees as true Tamil Śaiva saints the All Śiva's devotees, men and women, boys and girls, wear holy ash and the proper forehead mark for religious events and in public when appropriate. They wear a single rudrāksha bead on the neck at all times. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 297: Benedictions for greeting and parting

Śivāya, Aum Śivāya or the more general benedictions vanakkam, namaste or namaskāra. These, or the sweet expression Aum, Aum, also serve when parting. Aum.

SŪTRA 298: ŚAIVISM'S AFFIRMATION OF FAITH

Just before sleep, all my devotees utter: "Anbe Siva- All my devotees are encouraged to embrace Sanskrit as mayam Satyame Parasivam," while pondering the great depths of this affirmation. Upon awakening, their first words are "Anbe Sivamayam Satyame Parasivam." Aum.

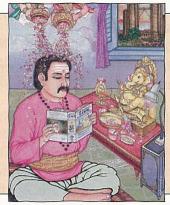
SUTRA 302: MUSIC, ART, DRAMA AND THE DANCE

All my devotees greet others by saying Aum Namah All my devotees are encouraged to perfect a cultural accomplishment, be it a form of art, singing, drama, dance or a musical instrument of Śiva's ensemble—vīnā, mridangam, tambūra, cymbals and bamboo flute. Aum.

SUTRA 303: USING OUR MYSTICAL LANGUAGES

their language of ritual worship, Shum Tyêif as their language of meditation and the Tyêīf script for offering prayers to the devas through the sacred homa fire. Aum.

TIVA IS THE ENERGY WITHIN OUR MIND Omanifesting thought. He is the thought thus made manifest. He is the light within your eyes and the feel within your fingers. God Siva is the ignorance which makes the One seem as two. He is the karma, which is the law of cause and effect, and He is the māyā, which is the substance of evolution in which we become so deeply immersed that we look upon the outside world as more real



than God. Siva is all this and more. He is the Sun, the Earth and the spaces between. He is the revealed scriptures and those who scribed the scriptures. He is all who seek the wisdom of scripture, too. Siva dances in every atom throughout this universe. Siva dances energetically, ceaselessly, eternally. Siva is perpetual movement. His mind is all-pervasive, and thus He sees and knows everything in all spheres simultaneously, without effort. GURUDEVA

SUTRA 299: SACRED MANTRAS FOR MEALS AND GATHERINGS

All my devotees chant the Bhojana Mantra before each All my devotees are encouraged to use the South Indian meal, offering thankful praise to God, Gods and guru. They chant the Vedic Śānti Mantra to begin and end all meetings, invoking peace and one-mindedness. Aum.

SŪTRA 300: PROUDLY USING ONE'S ŚAIVITE NAME

Hindu name, first and last, and use it proudly each day in all circumstances, never concealing or altering it to adjust to non-Hindu cultures. Aum Namah Śivāya.

- Cultural Accomplishments
- \* Spiritual Study
- \* Occultism

SUTRA 301: DEVELOPING A USEFUL CRAFT

All my devotees are encouraged to learn a skill requiring the use of their hands, such as pottery, sewing, weaving, painting, gardening, baking or the building arts, to manifest creative benefits for family and community. Aum.

SŪTRA 304: HINDUISM'S SACRED CALENDAR

lunar calendar as a daily guide to auspicious planning for travel, business, innovation, ceremony and major life events. Our year begins with the month of Aries. Aum.

SŪTRA 305: LIVING THE SUBLIME TAMIL ŚAIVA CULTURE

All my devotees bear and legally register their Saivite All my devotees are encouraged to adopt the gestures, attitudes, customs, ways of worship, dress and refinements of Tamil Saiva protocol. They learn by living and studying with traditional Śaivites. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SUTRA 306: THE MASTER COURSE AS DAILY GUIDE

My devotees avidly study The Master Course as their lifetime sādhana, allowing its mystical and practical teachings to light their inner path. In these profound lessons they discover the meaning of life's many lessons. Aum.

SUTRA 307: SELF-MASTERY THROUGH INTROSPECTION

My devotees study the five states of mind: conscious, subconscious, sub-subconscious, subsuperconscious and superconscious. They let go of negative attachments and become master of mind, body and emotions. Aum.



SUTRA 308: REMOLDING THE SUBCONSCIOUS

My devotees succeed by remolding subconscious magnetic forces. They purge the dross through vāsanā daha tantra—writing and burning past transgressions and current problems—then use positive affirmations. Aum.

SUTRA 309: RĀJA YOGA, THE ROYAL PATH TO REALIZATION My devotees learn and perfect the five steps to enlightenment: attention, concentration, meditation, contemplation and finally samādhi, wherein they realize the unspeakable Truth known only by the knower. Aum.

SUTRA 310: FATHOMING OUR SUBTLE NATURE

My devotees study these three to discover the mysteries of being: the subtle bodies of man, the aura, which is a rainbow of thought and feeling, and the twenty-one chakras, or centers of consciousness. Aum Namah Śivāya.

SUTRA 311: AVOIDING THE ADVICE OF PSYCHICS

My devotees do not counsel with trance mediums, clairvoyants, past- and future-life readers or psychic mentors. Nor do they consult astrologers or palmists other than those approved by their preceptor. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 312: Caution against dabbling in the occult

My devotees may spontaneously experience but do not practice clairvoyance, clairaudience, astral projection, lucid dreaming, trance mediumship, mind-reading, fortunetelling, magic or other distracting occult arts. Aum.

SUTRA 313: SHIELDING FROM ASTRAL FORCES

and remain untouched by negative occult forces. Those who are as yet susceptible to such afflictions should seek relief through pūjā, prayer and penance. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 314: dreams are to be forgotten

My devotees do not indulge in remembrance or interpretation of dreams, unless as a special discipline from their guru. They intentionally forget their dreams and positively concern themselves with waking life. Aum.

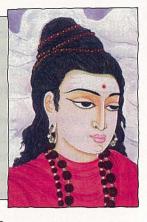
SŪTRA 315: SENDING PRAYERS TO THE INNER WORLDS

during auspicious times at Church missions and temples designated by the preceptor. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya. or aloof from brother maṭhavāsis. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SECTION SEVEN

## The Monastic Path

A sannyāsin is a Hindu monk, one who has thrown down worldliness, renounced name and fame, family and desires of all kinds, to find the Self within. His ideal is to balance outward service (Sivathondu) and inward "contemplation-realization (Śivajñāna) for a rich, fulfilling, useful life.



- Monastic Holy Orders
- Monastic Mission
- ❖ Spirit and Attitudes

SUTRA 316: MONASTIC LIFE'S FOURFOLD PURPOSE

Śiva's monastics lead a joyous, contented, steadfast, humble life. Their purpose is contemplation upon and love of Śiva, to maintain Śiva consciousness, realize the Self and uplift others while serving their satguru. Aum.

SUTRA 317: VOWS FOR CONTEMPLATIVE LIVING

Siva's monastics who are sādhakas and yogīs uphold, and renew every two years, the four vows of humility, purity, confidence and obedience. Swāmīs uphold for life these four and a fifth vow of renunciation. Aum.

SUTRA 318: HOLDING FAST TO THE TRUEST TREASURES

My devotees are under the satguru's psychic protection Siva's monastics never fail to take refuge in their God, their guru and their Great Oath. This is the highest path they have chosen, the culmination of numberless lives, perhaps the last in the cycle of reincarnation. Aum.

SUTRA 319: THEIR PAST IS SMALL, THEIR FUTURE IS LARGE

Siva's monastics walk bravely into the future, letting go of the past and letting what is be. Through yoga their kundalinī rises, expanding consciousness, changing values and creating magical happenings around them. Aum.

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  320: LIVING IN THE SPIRIT OF TOGETHERNESS

My devotees practice the ancient rite of sending prayers My Saiva monastics embrace a selfless life in which all to the devas and Gods through the sacred fire, but only work their minds together to keep the monastery strong. They never follow an individual path, remaining remote

SŪTRA 321: PRESERVING THE THREE PILLARS OF ŚAIVISM Śiva's monastics valiantly bring Śaivism into the future of futures. The fullness of their mission lies in our faith's three pillars-temples, scriptures and satgurus-which they are vowed to protect, preserve and promote. Aum.

THE NANDINĀTHA SŪTRAS

 $S\overline{U}TRA$  322: REMAINING ABOVE CORRUPTION AND CONTROL for material or political gain, nor come under the control

of the rich or influential. Vows prohibit them from being told what to think, say or do except by their order. Aum.

SŪTRA 323: FEARLESS DEFENDERS OF HINDUISM

Siva's monastics are unfettered and fearless, whole-Siva's monastics tread the path of experiential yoga. heartedly and boldly supporting the ancient Sanātana They never allow intellectual studies or interests to over-Dharma against all who would infiltrate, dilute and des- shadow their inner life. They are men of God and the troy it. Yea, they are defenders of all Hindu sects. Aum. Gods first, teachers, scholars or artisans second. Aum.

SŪTRA 327: SERVING DYNAMICALLY SINCE TIME BEGAN Śiva's monastics are strong-willed, gentle in intellect, rushing forward in youthful, happy ways. Every desire they have is for the welfare of others. Yea, this group is

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 328: The whole world is their family

the religion's core and has been for eons of time. Aum.

Siva's monastics never compromise their ideals or rules Siva's monastics who have separated themselves from family to pursue a divine life do so in a spirit of love. They look upon this not as losing their dear family of a few but as gaining all of humanity as their kin. Aum.

SUTRA 329: FIRST THINGS FIRST

CIVA IS THE SELF, AND HE IS THE ENERGY WE Oput forth to know the Self. He is the mystery which makes us see Him as separate from us. He is the energy of life, the power in the wind. He is the dissolution called death, the peace of motionless air. He is the great force of the ocean and the stillness on a calm lake. Siva is All and in all. Our great God Siva is beyond time, beyond space, beyond form and form's creation, and yet He uses time



and causes form. He is in the sky, in the clouds, in the swirling galaxies. Siva's cosmic dance of creation, preservation and dissolution is happening this very moment in every atom of the cosmos. Supreme God Śiva is immanent, with a beautiful human-like form which can actually be seen and has been seen by many mystics in visions. Siva is also transcendent, beyond time, cause and space. Such are the mysteries of Śiva's being. GURUDEVA

SUTRA 324: SELFLESS SERVICE LEADS TO SELF-MASTERY

Siva's monastic disciples regard themselves as the full- Siva's monastics, knowing the law of karma, accept as

SUTRA 325: PURE VESSELS FOR THE DIVINE

My monastics strive to keep Lord Siva foremost in their mind and heart, seeking pure emptiness, kāīf. Having mastered the Shūm-Tyêīf language of meditation, they are vessels for God's gracious will. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SŪTRA 326: RĀJA YOGA IN ACTION

to serve and tireless in every task, held back to rest only income, live with birth family, deny or dilute Hinduism, by others. Jai, they carry their yoga into action. Aum. have left their guru or are known philanderers. Aum.

SŪTRA 330: FACING KARMA IN WISDOM

time slaves of Siva, servants of the servants of the Lord. their own karma all that comes. They forgive others of They are masters of mind, body and emotion, divine all offenses inwardly at once, but outwardly only after rulers of their instinctive and intellectual forces. Aum. transgressors sincerely reconcile. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

SUTRA 331: ENCOURAGING OTHER QUALIFIED MONASTICS

Śiva's monastics support sādhus, yogīs, swāmīs and gurus of other orders, male or female, even if their beliefs differ, as long as they promote the Vedas, the Hindu religion and the renunciate ideals of monasticism. Aum.

SUTRA 332: REMAINING APART FROM THE UNQUALIFIED

Śiva's monastics—āchāryas, swāmīs, yogīs and sādha-Śiva's monastics restrain their support for sannyāsins in kas—are precise, concentrated, serenely centered, eager saffron robes who are married, who have personal SUTRA 338: THEIR LIKES ARE THEIR DISLIKES

ownership, never adopting the householder attitudes of

claiming their own space, timing, tools, friends, ambi-

tions, likes and dislikes. Yea, they are unattached. Aum.

SUTRA 339: THE PROBLEMS OF TODAY END TODAY

All Śiva's monastics treasure harmony as their way of

life. They stop work, attend to and resolve before sleep

any inharmonious conditions that may arise, knowing

that creativity lies dormant while conflict prevails. Aum.

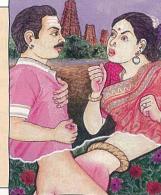
SUTRA 333: SUPPORTING HINDU PRIESTS AND PANDITS

Siva's monastics honor and support the good causes of All Siva's monastics firmly uphold the spirit of non-Hindu lay ministers, priests and pandits of all lineages to create a dynamic solidarity in diversity to carry Sanātana Dharma to each succeeding generation. Aum.

SŪTRA 334: HUMILITY IS THEIR HALLMARK

Śiva's monastics never boast of their accomplishments, knowledge, position, equipment, money they handle, places they have been or people they know. Self-effacement—yea, self-erasement—is their hallmark. Aum.

 $F^{\text{rom a psychological point of view,}}$  when the subconscious is at odds with soul qualities, with the basic laws of how we intuitively know what we should be doing, when the past of unsoulful deeds carries into the present, we are not able to live with Siva. Instead, we are living with humans, living with problems, living with the conflicting forces of the world. At this time in the Kali Yuga, ignorance is equally distributed world-



wide, and wisdom has become an endangered species. People are confused as to the performance of their duties, and too often duty is no longer even taught. Forbearance, tolerance and compassion are not as popular today as they once were and perhaps may be at some future time when the darkness of ignorance is removed from the hearts of all people. It is to liberate seekers after Truth from this confusion that this book has been written. GURUDEVA

SUTRA 335: OVERCOMING THE FOUR OBSTACLES

Siva's monastics regard sex, money, food and clothes as All my Saiva monastics who qualify may perform the the prime challenge to their spiritual quest, harboring the potential to reinvolve them in the world. Thus, they restrain themselves accordingly. Aum Namah Śivāya.

- Monastic Restrictions
- \* Monastic Personal Care
- \* Monastic Travel and Retreat

SŪTRA 336: NEVER INDULGING IN SEXUAL FANTASY

All Śiva's monastics strictly avoid sexual fantasy, knowing that it opens the door to the progressive stages of glorifying sex, flirting, desirous glances, love talk, pining, deciding to have sex and finally intercourse. Aum.

SŪTRA 337: RESERVE TOWARD WOMEN

mother and younger women as their sisters. Intensely renounced, modest and reserved, they avoid extended conversation and exchange of subtle energies. Aum. This custom may be relaxed when ill or traveling. Aum.

SŪTRA 340: QUALIFICATION TO PERFORM TEMPLE PŪJĀ

parārtha pūjā in their temples. Should they not renew their vows or be dismissed, they are prohibited to perform or teach this *pūjā* thenceforth. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 341: Simple Clothing for Simple Mathavāsis

Siva's monastics wear robes of cotton or wool—handspun, hand-woven and unsewn. Other clothing should be made of simple, unadorned cotton, wool or synthetics, in traditional North or South Indian style. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 342: Lunar retreats from guests and the public

Siva's monastics observe the full, new and half moons and the day after each as retreats for sādhana, study, rest, personal care and āśrama upkeep, plus a fortnight's retreat at the end of each of the year's three seasons. Aum.

SUTRA 343: DISCIPLINES FOR SLEEP

All Siva's monastics honor all older women as their My monastics sleep six to eight hours a day for rejuvenation and astral duties. They refuse a soft bed and sleep on a firm floor mattress, ideally on a neem plank. SUTRA 344: KEEPING LITTLE, OWNING NOTHING

Śiva's monastics have no more personal belongings than they can easily carry in two bags, one in each hand. By tradition, they have little, and even these few things they do not own. Yea, they are true mendicants. Aum.

SUTRA 345: NURTURING NEW MONASTICS

Siva's monastics look upon newcomers to the monasteries as their potential spiritual heirs, to care for, tenderly nurture and train. They know it is their duty to pass on the wisdom of their years. Aum Namah Śivāya.

SUTRA 346: RECEIVING NO PERSONAL GIFTS

My Śaiva monastics do not accept personal gifts of any kind, but they may receive offerings on behalf of the monastery and support during pilgrimage, including fruit, flowers, food, lodging and travel expenses. Aum.

SUTRA 347: OVERNIGHT STAYS WHEN TRAVELING

My Śaiva monastics while traveling may reside and take My Śaiva monastics are assigned to religious work alone meals in āśramas, temples, hotels or homes of worthy initiated families of our Saiva Siddhanta Church. Their sojourn in homes must never exceed three nights. Aum.

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IVING WITH SIVA ENCAPSULATES L'Hindu culture and civilization, its language and literature, its dance and drama, its music, arts and architecture. It reflects how a Hindu man or woman would endeavor to lead his or her life and be in tune with the Infinite Siva and to endeavor to realize the One who dwells and dances within each of us.

SŪTRA 348: MALES SERVE MY MAŢHAVĀSIS

My Śaiva monastics are all males, our ancient tradition My Śaiva monastics, in respect, stand no closer than an ordains. When they visit homes, temples or āśramas, all service to them, such as meals, travel assistance, laundry and visitor hosting, shall be carried out by males. Aum.

SUTRA 349: FOOD GUIDELINES FOR TRAVELING MONASTICS

My Śaiva monastics when traveling may partake of food My swāmīs know there is strength and guidance in orprepared at home by devout families and delivered to them. They may also cook for themselves, or enjoy meals

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 350: The tradition of moving in pairs

My Śaiva monastics, whether in or outside the monastery, perform ministry only in pairs. They never travel alone. Exceptions are made in dire emergencies and for those on the *nirvāṇa sādhaka* path. Aum Namah Śivāya.

- Monastics and the World
- Instructions for Swāmīs
- Instructions for Āchāryas

SUTRA 351: REMAINING ALOOF FROM INTRIGUE

My Śaiva monastics stand apart from intrigue, corruption and cunning. They never act as go-betweens, spies, agents or bearers of false witness and cannot be bought, influenced, or obligated by the rich or powerful. Aum.

 $s\overline{\textbf{u}}\text{tra}$  352: Staying out of social service and politics

and, except to bless, advise and counsel, do not involve themselves with secular events or social service. Nor do they vote in elections or seek to influence politics. Aum.

 $s\overline{u}$ tra 353: Circumstances requiring a second monk My Saiva monastics follow the tradition of not holding serious or lengthy private conversations in person or by telephone without another monk present. Gracious, im-

SUTRA 354: THE TRADITION OF NOT TOUCHING My Śaiva monastics maintain a strict nontouching pol-

personal small talk in public is, of course, allowed. Aum.

icy. They do not shake hands or embrace. However, if someone unaware of their protocol initiates such contact, they do not recoil, but respond appropriately. Aum.

SUTRA 355: DEMURENESS IN CONVERSATIONS

arm's length during conversations. When speaking to men and women together, they direct their attention mostly to the men, as is traditional. Aum Namah Śivāya.

SUTRA 356: UPHOLDING YOGASWAMI'S AND MY TEACHINGS

thodoxy and avoid adopting the new for its own sake or because the old seems an arduous path. They uphold in restaurants, whether served by men or women. Aum. traditions that have survived the trials of time. Aum.

SŪTRA 357: PRESERVING THE AUTONOMY OF OUR LINEAGE My swāmīs rigidly maintain the Nandinātha Sampradāya as independent and absolutely separate from the Smārta daśanāmī orders and all other lineages. Yea, this autonomy shall endure until the end of time. Aum.

SŪTRA 358: MY SWĀMĪS DO NOT SPEAK OF THEIR PAST My *swāmīs* never speak of their past or the personal self they have renounced. Those who know tradition do not ask, for one never looks for the source of a *rishi* or a river. These always remain shrouded in mystery. Aum.

Many things in the world are wrong, certainly, but they do not have to be that way, since Hindus do have a traditional, proven way to follow. It is the ancient Hindu path of the wise *rishis*, so well articulated, though sometimes too well hidden, in our scriptures. Once we find the path, we also find answers to family-related questions that have troubled us, about which the old cultures had generations of knowledge and also practical, sensible solutions. We feel that anyone of any culture, creed or belief can benefit from reading *Living with Śiva*, and will in his or her heart of hearts recognize the wisdom herein that has matured through the millennia.

SŪTRA 359: REMAINING APART FROM FAMILY MATTERS My *swāmīs* do not participate in births, weddings or other intimate householder events, always remaining aloof from such activities. Nor do they attend funeral rites, except those of brother monks and *satgurus*. Aum.

SŪTRA 360: THE BROTHERHOOD OF RENUNCIATES All those in saffron robes who have braved death to the world are the brethren of my *swāmīs*, who appropriately honor authentic male *swāmīs* older than themselves and touch their feet in homage. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.

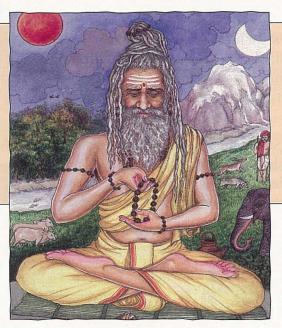
SŪTRA 361: THE SACRED DUTY OF MY ĀCHĀRYAS My sannyāsins who are āchāryas are the supreme architects of our sampradāya's future and the fulfillers of these Nandinātha Sūtras. They carry this responsibility on top of their head. Yea, they are chosen ones. Aum.

SŪTRA 362: TAKING RESPONSIBILITY FOR CHURCH KARMAS

My *sannyāsins* who are *āchāryas* realize that they are not beyond the laws of the land, but must work within them, even to the point of apologizing should misconduct occur on the part of Saiva Siddhanta Church. Aum.

SUTRA 363: NEVER DEMEANING OTHERS

My sannyāsins who are āchāryas nurture each devotee equally. They never make others their servants, order them about, shout at them, snap their fingers, clap their hands, nor strike or demean them at any time. Aum.



SŪTRA 364: MY ĀCHĀRYAS SPREAD LOVE AND LIGHT My sannyāsins who are āchāryas, filled with love and helpfulness, promote joy and harmony among the congregation. They never anger, incite fear or take advantage of a person's health, wealth or well-being. Aum.

SŪTRA 365: THE END IS ONLY THE BEGINNING Numberless successors of the Nandinātha lineage have gone before me. Numberless shall follow. I have woven these 365 threads of wisdom, but there is infinitely more to know of the mysterious Nāthas. Aum Namaḥ Śivāya.



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